The Atlanta Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.

Judicial sales, tax sales, all official proceedings of city and county required by authority.

The largest circulation in city, county, or state. Defies refutation.

General Traveling Agents—T. M. Acton and H. H. Dodge.

MARIETTA & NORTH GEORGIA R. R.

One of the most important measures before the legislature for the consideration of the members is the bill to appropriate $5,000 per mile to the Marietta & North Georgia railroad. The citizens along the line of this road have used the means at their command to push it to completion, and while it has received valuable aid from the state in the shape of labor furnished from the state convicts, not a dollar has been spent to assist in its construction. There is no portion of our state so rich in minerals of all kinds as the section through which this road passes. It leads directly to the copper mines in Tennessee and northeast Georgia, and when built will bring to us the trade from there. The people along the line have freely spent their money to grade the road, but this is all useless to them unless the iron is laid and rolling stock provided. They are unable to do this, and they ask the state to aid them to equip the road. The immediate advantage to these citizens that will result from the construction of this line will amply remunerate them for all they have expended, but the state will be the chief beneficiary. It will increase the taxable property; be the means of developing the mines in that section, and will open up an inviting field to immigrants. We hope the matter will secure proper consideration, and that it will not be thrown aside on account of a prejudice against state aid.

THE SITUATION IN NEW ORLEANS.

Packard seems to be in a stew. His requisition on General Augur for troops to enable the radicals to regain possession of the public buildings, remained unnoticed up to one o'clock yesterday. If Packard had "a person" in command of the troops, he would soon be in even a better position than Chamberlain was when Roger's men bulldozed the South Carolina democrats. Moreover, the democratic sheriff stubbornly refuses to recognize the writ of *habeas corpus* issued by the radical judge for the assistant sergeant-at-arms of the Packard senate; and to cap the climax, the democratic legislature has adopted a joint resolution setting forth the policy of the democrats in their relations with the colored people—a policy that is eminently fair and conservative.

GOV. COLQUITT'S APPOINTMENTS.

Gov. Colquitt has re-appointed Logan E. Bleckley judge of the supreme court, Martin J. Crawford judge of the Chattahoochee circuit, Cicero D. McCutchen, judge of the Cherokee circuit, and Cincinnatus Peeples judge of the Atlanta circuit. They were all confirmed by the senate. These gentleman are all appointees of Gov. Smith, and have made fine reputations on the bench, and their reappointment will give entire satisfaction to the people of their circuits.

THE joint committees of congress on counting the electoral vote had two sessions yesterday. The day had been appointed as the one on which the committees were to come to a definite understanding, either to agree or disagree, but as they have concluded to meet again to-day, it is inferred that considerable progress has been made towards an agreement. It is to be hoped that such will be the result.

WE trust the day will yet come when Forney, in a spirit of self-abnegation and magnanimity, and without a qualm of conscience, can afford to discuss, in the editorial columns of his Philadelphia Press, the question as to whether a "rebel" is not every whit as good as a bribe-taker. We would also be pleased to have an autobiographical sketch of his connection with the Forest divorce case.

IT now turns out that Mr. Stephens' seat in the house, which is temporarily occupied by David Dudley Field, is on the republican side. Let us hope that the more punctilious of our state exchanges will not be too severe on the distinguished Georgian for thus, at this critical hour, deserting his party and his country.

LET the friends of the republic be comforted. The railroads all over the country are shutting down on free passes and the prospects are that Blanton Duncan and his cohorts will not be in Washington on the 5th of March to inaugurate revolution if Hayes is not counted in.

DAN CHAMBERLAIN and his friends have presented a petition in the senate setting forth that the republican state ticket in South Carolina was legally elected. It seems that in no contingency can Chamberlain be prevailed upon to tell the truth.

GRANT telegraphs to Augur that his interpretation of the telegrams regarding the troops in New Orleans is the correct one. The president also takes occasion to approve the action of Gen. Augur in refusing to set his troops in motion on the requisition of Packard.

AWHILE ago, Jim Bennett's highly moral newspaper was printing whole columns of sarcastic swash against the "code." It is probable that the writer of those editorials is dead. Peace to his ashes!

THE debate in the house yesterday in regard to the propriety of arresting the members of the Louisiana returning board for contempt was quite lively. The galleries joined in and made the occasion exceedingly vociferous.

THE occupation of Petersburg by federal troops is one of the political ghosts that continually returns to perplex Grant. The matter was up in the senate yesterday.

Two ballots have been taken in the Massachusetts legislature for United States senator. Butler's man, Boutwell, leads the ballot, followed closely by Hoar.

IN the balloting for United States senator in the Illinois legislature, Logan is slightly ahead, but if the opposition to him can be concentrated his defeat is certain.

POLO JIM is now on the bosom of the dark blue sea, engaged, in all probability, in firing blank cartridges at the ferocious porpoises that cross his path.

MANY an unfortunate telegraph operator in the three disputed states is familiar with the signature of Z. Chandler.

BILL CARROW has been dragged up on an omnibus subpœna.

TELEGRAMS signed "Z. Chandler" are coming to the surface.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY, 17, 1877. NO. 189

THE ELECTION FOR STATE PRINTER.

Mr. James P. Harrison was elected state printer, by the legislature, for the unexpired term. Mr. H. G. Wright was appointed to fill this term by Gov. Smith, and in justice to him as no complaints had been made, the legislature should have elected him. He certainly performed the work well, and did it much cheaper than any state printer since the war—at least he announced this fact in a published card, and it has not been controverted. Notwithstanding these facts, many of the heroes of retrenchment and reform, voted against him and aided in defeating him. The science of getting office in this day and time, before the legislature, consists in having members pledged before they meet. The man who runs for office without having the members pledged beforehand—it makes no difference what his claims and competency may be—will meet certain defeat. We are glad to state that Mr. Wright came out of the fight with his religion untarnished. But he showed unmistakable signs yesterday after the election of a deliberate intention to change his politics into religion. He says he has but one man to find fault with and he was a preacher from below, who came up here, drank his liquor freely, and then worked against him, because he was not a member of his church.

BENNETT-MAY AFFAIR.

THE TRUTH AT LAST.

A Plain Narrative—The Facts Finally Discovered—But One Shot Fired, and Nobody Injured.

New York Times, 13th.

Many people have been wondering during the last four or five days why the gentlemen who recently made an armed incursion into the peaceful states of Maryland and Delaware should persist in maintaining such a guarded silence in reference to the affair. Those best informed, however, held the opinion that, sooner or later, some one of those on the ground would tell the whole truth in regard to the matter. The justice of such a belief has now been verified. The statement that no blood was shed need not, and probably will not, excite any surprise. The stories to the effect that the principals were men of undoubted courage, and were bound to have each other's blood; that each was a "dead shot," and that both of them meant "business," are apparently sheer fabrications. The so-called duel was a farce from the beginning, and it is idle for the friends of either party to attempt to put a different aspect upon it. Had either of the principals shot the other the fact would have been known in less than twenty-four hours after the occurrence, and no one would have been so quick to spread the news as the duelists themselves, who would have thus merited the belief, at all events, that they were really in earnest, and desired to hurt one another. But neither of them was touched by a bullet, and to create the impression that something serious was really intended, a profound and mysterious reticence was kept up.

The facts in the case have finally been divulged, and are as follows: The Bennett party left New York last Sunday evening on the 9:30 train going south. There were six in all—Bennett, Howland Robbins, his second; Dr. Charles Phelps, the surgeon; Carroll Irvingstone, Lawrence Jerome and a valet. Upon their arrival at Philadelphia, Mr. Jerome and Mr. Livingstone left the train and went to the Continental hotel, where they engaged four or five rooms. The remainder of the party went to the place selected for the duel, arriving at Marydell about 2 o'clock. They were quickly joined by Mr. May's party, which had arrived by way of Dover. A walk of twenty minutes across the fields brought them to the state line between Maryland and Delaware, at a point on the farm of Mr. Nathaniel McGinnis. Here the ground was measured off, and, that neither might be hit by a wad, twenty paces—and long ones, too—were measured off. The usual preliminaries were then gone through with, and the pistols were discharged almost simultaneously. As before stated, neither man received a scratch. Bennett then said that he was satisfied, and proposed that they leave the field. Being the challenging party, he had a right to make such a proposition and May had no alternative but to accept. There was no shaking hands and no reconciliation. It is perhaps unnecessary to state that the ground was precipitately abandoned. But one exchange of shots, and not three, was had, and from the moment the party reached the field until they left, the time did not exceed 10 minutes. These facts are given upon the most undoubted authority.

On the way home Mr. Bennett seemed greatly annoyed lest the members of his party should think he had acted unwisely, and he was repeatedly heard asking if he had done right, or if his friends blamed him. The trip from Clayton to Wilmington on the special train was a joyous one. A casual observer would never have supposed for a moment that the gentlemen had really been engaged in the serious business of shooting at each other, unless indeed, it was with blank cartridges. The stories in circulation for the last two days, that Mr. May had been wounded, and that Mr. Bennett had married Mr. May's sister and sailed via Boston, for Europe, or by way of Philadelphia for the same destination, are pure inventions, and have absolutely no foundation in fact.

More Young Billionaires.

New York Graphic.

Four more young millionaires added to society. Thus, by the Commodore's bequest, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., adding Harlem stock, $2,239,660, to Hudson's $3,165,000, making $5,404,000; W. K. Vanderbilt, $2,000,000; Fred A. Vanderbilt, $2,000,000; George Vanderbilt, $2,000,000. Four more young men thrown on a cold and mercenary world with the disadvantages of being known as millionaires. Friendship, attentions, compliments and smiles, all to be more or less distrusted by reason of the known influence and worship of wealth. The strictest watch necessary to avoid foreign and domestic entanglements of the sex. Security from blandishment only found in disguise and taking on an alias. We condole with these gentlemen, especially with Cornelius. The troubles and perplexities so long spared them through the longevity of their iron-willed, iron-framed old relative are now at their doors.

BANKSTON'S BURST.

The Reason why this Eminent Patriot Committed Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, January 16.—The examination of the affairs of the late Major General John P. Bankston reveal defalcations or discrepancies in his accounts amounting to $100,000. A number of city merchants and brokers are losers in amounts varying from $3,000 to $30,000, but the Hannis Distillery company, of which Gen. Bankston was secretary and treasurer, will lose nothing, as every official transaction of the company was required to be countersigned by the president and approved by the board of directors. Gen. Bankston recently committed suicide.

The Speculator Wrecked.

KEY WEST FLA., Jan. 16.—The British ship Speculator, Capt. Pitman, from Hamburg November 8th, for New Orleans, struck the Dog rocks on the night of the 11th inst. and will be a total loss. The captain and four men arrived here in a boat, leaving the remainder of the crew on the rocks. The latter will be sent for.

WATCH AND PREY.

FOR THE VOTES NECESSARY TO COUNT IN HAYES MUST BE OBTAINED.

Zach Chandler's Instructions to the Three Crows of the South.

A Cheeky Petition to the Senate from One Dan Chamberlain, Said to Be of South Carolina.

Gen Augur Refuses to Become the Bailiff of Steve Packard.

The Electoral Count Committees to Present Their Report To-day.

The Louisiana Returning Board to Be Invited to the Bar of The House.

CONGRESS.

CHAMBERLAIN PRESENTS A PETITION TO THE SENATE.

The Virginia Senators Denounce the Occupation of Petersburg by the Military—The Louisiana Returning Board Under Discussion in the House, Etc.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—Mr. PATTERSON, of South Carolina, presented a lengthy petition of D. H. Chamberlain, R. H. Greaves, F. L. Cardozo, R. B. Elliott, John R. Talbott and others of South Carolina. He said he would not ask to have it read, but moved that it be printed in the Record.

Mr. ALCORN objected to anything being printed in the Record without being read in the senate.

The reading of the petition was then commenced. The petitioners referred to the petition of Wade Hampton and others, and say many of the statements in it are untrue in fact; others are calculated to mislead the senate, and various important facts are omitted.

Mr. SHERMAN of Ohio, interrupted the reading, and said he would suggest that the paper be printed in the Record without taking up time of having it read.

Mr. ALCORN again objected, and said he had no idea there was anything improper in the memorial, but it should be first read in the senate.

Mr. SHERMAN said that when a senator produced a petition he become the guarantee that it was proper, and for that reason it need not be read.

Mr. ALCORN having declined to withdraw his objection, the reading was resumed. The petitioners ask congress to accept from them a full, fair statement of affairs in South Carolina, and declare they will stand ready to make good their statement when required to do so. They charge violence and intimidation of republican voters at the late election; review at great length the action of the returning board and supreme court, and claim that they were lawfully elected to their respective offices. The reading of the petition was continued till 12:45 P.M., when

Mr. ALCORN withdrew his objection.

Mr. DAVIS, of Virginia, said, unless the senator would state that he had read it and that it was a proper document he would oppose the objection.

Mr. PATTERSON, of South Carolina, said he had not read it as he only received it this morning, but he new Governor Chamberlain to be an honorable man and he would not put anything in the petition which was untrue. He had no doubt that it was a proper and respectful document.

No further objection to having it printed without being read was made, and it was ordered that the petition be printed in the Record.

Mr. PATTERSON, of S. C., submitted a resolution, declaring that the state government now existing in South Carolina, and represented by D. H. Chamberlain, is the lawful government of that state; that it is republican in form, and every assistance should be given by the United States to the end that the laws may be faithfully executed. Referred to committee on privileges and election.

Mr. WITHERS, of Virginia, in accordance with the notice, called up the message of the president in regard to the occupation of Petersburg, Va., by military on November 7th, the day of general election, and submitted the following resolution for immediate consideration:

"That the committee on judiciary be instructed to examine whether the construction of the laws touching the elective franchise, promulgated by the attorney general in general orders No. 66, of date September 7th, 1876, be correct, and that they report by bill or otherwise."

After stirring speeches from Senators WITHERS and JOHNSTON, in which they denounced the occupation of Petersburg, Va., by troops during the late elections, the resolution was passed. Adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

The judiciary committee reported a resolution for the arrest of the members of the Louisiana returning board and bringing them before the bar of the house to answer for contempt in refusing to produce the original returns before the New Orleans investigating committee. A somewhat excited debate took place, in which the crowds in the galleries participated in the way of frequent applause and cheering of the democratic speakers. This breach of decorum was made the subject of grave complaint on the republican side and was condemned by the speaker. No vote was reached before adjournment.

The bill for commissioners on the silver question was defeated.

The report of the judiciary committee relative to the refusal of Wells, Anderson, Casanova and Kenner, of the Louisiana returning board to produce before the committee on elections in Louisiana certain papers demanded by that committee, declares that the judiciary committee does not recognize the right of any person, or state, or federal officer to defeat an investigation by either house of congress which might involve the existence of the government by refusing to appear and testify before its committees, and closes with a resolution directing the sergeant-at-arms to take into custody the above named persons and bring them before the bar of the house for a contempt of its privileges.

Mr. FRYE, of Maine, regarded the doctrines enunciated in the report as monstrous. He held that congress was precluded from going behind the returning boards.

Mr. KASSON argued against the resolution.

Gen. HOOKER, of Mississippi, gave an elaborate review of the situation and supported the resolution.

Mr. GARFIELD, o. Ohio, opposed the resolution.

Mr. WOOD argued in favor.

Mr. LAWRENCE, of Ohio, against it.

The debate was personal and disorderly, and without any point of general interest.

The previous question was finally seconded and the question comes up in the morning.

THE SUSPENDED TOGAS.

The Balletings in the Various States Yesterday.

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, January 16.—Senate—First ballot, Boutwell, 17; Hoar, 12; Abbott, 7; Rice, 4. Second ballot, same.

House—First ballot—Boutwell, 78; Hoar, 76; Abbott, 55; Rice, 15; Bullock, 4.

House—Second ballot: Boutwell, 70; Hoar, 77; Abbott, 55; Rice, 15; Seelye, 4; Bullock, 4. Both houses adjourned without an election.

ILLINOIS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Jan. 16.—House—First ballot: Logan, 77; Palmer, 67; Davis, 7; Lathrop, 1. Senate—Logan, 20; Palmer, 22; Anderson, 7; Washburne, 1; Haynes not voting.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 16.—Hon. Wm. Windom is re-elected to the senate.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, January 16.—On the first ballot Hitchcock, present senator, received only 23 of 114 votes. There was no choice. Hitchcock was the highest.

CORRIDOR WHISPERS.

THE COMMITTEE ON COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTE TO REPORT TO-DAY.

An Agreement Supposed to be Reached—A Republican District Attorney Declares the Mississippi Election Fair—Pelton Explains the Oregon Money—The Louisiana Returning Board to be Brought Before the House—Mr. Brenner, of Augusta, Sent For, Etc.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The joint committee on the electoral count had two sessions to-day.

The joint committee on counting the electoral vote, had two long sessions to-day, and notwithstanding their determination to act definitely, to-day they made such progress towards an agreement as to consent to another meeting to-morrow, which will certainly be the last. Details of the situation are absolutely inaccessible. An agreement is quite possible.

In connection with the joint committee on the electoral count, it is said they adjourned till to-morrow in the belief that another conference will result in a satisfactory agreement. The members say, however, it is by no means certain that this expectation will be realized, but if to-morrow's session should fail to bring them into harmony on some plan for settling the questions at issue, they will hold no further conference. It is the present understanding that in either event the committee will report to their respective houses to-morrow. It is estimated that the compromise measure, which has been substantially agreed on, will prove a surprise to the public, as it embraces features that have not yet been conjectured by persons outside of the committees.

The committee on privileges and elections examined G. A. Wilson, district attorney for Yazoo and other Mississippi counties; had no knowledge of unfairness or intimidation before or at the election.

Mr. Wilson of Yazoo, in his testimony related great changes in the vote from 1872 to 1875; he stated positively that this change was brought about by a voluntary change of opinion among the voters.

Mr. Price of Mississippi, testified that large numbers of colored men in Holmes county did not vote in 1875; they feared bodily harm would be done them if they presented themselves at the polls.

William Orton, president of the Western Union telegraph company, has been subpœnaed, as a member of the executive committe, through an omnibus subpœna for all the members thereof to appear before the committee of privileges and elections of the senate.

No instructions have been sent to New Orleans since Sunday, and none were ordered by the cabinet. Details of the meeting, however, have not yet transpired.

Among the telegrams submitted by Mr. Clancy, stenographer, is the following, which is addressed to Hon. S B. Packard, New Orleans; D. H. Chamberlain, Columbia, S. C.; Gen. Martin, Tallahassee, Florida:

NEW YORK, Nov. 8, 1876.

We are now absolutely certain of 185 votes for Hayes if your state is safe and Tilden is sure of the rest. Can you certainly defeat all the democratic attempts by fraud, false counting or bribery to capture it. Answer when sure. Z. CHANDLER.

The bill reported from the senate judiciary committee last session to amend the Pacific railroad acts, which was made the special order for to-day, was postponed until next Tuesday at one o'clock on account of the absence of Mr. Hitchcock.

Mr. Patterson, of South Carolina, presented a petition of D. H. Chamberlain, H. R. Greaves, F. L. Cardoza and others, of South Carolina, setting forth that many of the statements on petition of Wade Hampton and others recently presented in the senate are untrue; others are calculated to mislead the senate, and important facts are omitted. The petitioners then review at great length the condition of affairs in South Carolina, and claim that they were legally elected to their various offices. It was ordered that the petition be printed in the Record.

The judiciary committee of the house have agreed to report that the answer of the Louisiana returning board before Morrison's committee at New Orleans is insufficient, and that the members be brought to the bar of the house to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt.

The committee on the privileges and powers of the house have summoned Gov. Packard, of Louisiana.

J. A. Brenner, superintendent of the Western Union telegraph company, headquarters Augusta, Ga., is here in obedience to a summons from the same committee.

Gov. McCormick, secretary of the national republican committee submitted a mass of dispatches to-day.

The document showing that the Mackey legislature in South Carolina had no legal existence, was placed upon the desks of senators and representatives. It attracts much attention.

Pelton, secretary of the national democratic committee, testified before the committee on privileges and elections: $8,000 was sent to Oregon for legal purposes; knew of no money sent to Oregon or elsewhere for illegitimate purposes; national democratic committee bore part of the expense of parties sent to the south to witness the count.

The Texas Pacific railroad bill to be reported in the house, is to be made the special order of an early day. Its friends are sanguine.

THE TWO GOVERNORS.

GENERAL AUGUR STILL REFUSES TO LIFT THE PRESSURE.

The Army Simply to Preserve the Peace—The Sheriff Refuses to Recognize the Writ of Habeas Corpus Issued by Packard's Court.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—It is understood here that the president's order of Sunday to General Augur was simply intended to keep matters in New Orleans in statu quo. It began to be apprehended that if affairs were allowed to drift there would be nothing of the Packard government left to support should the ultimate decision be in his favor. It is stated the Packard authorities have been advised to act with great caution.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—Gov. Packard to-day made an official requisition upon General Augur for assistance to reinstate the supreme court in the building from which they had been dispossessed. It is supposed that Gen. Auger has referred the matter to the authorities at Washington for instructions.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—Gov. Packard has not received any reply to his requisition upon Gen. Augur for the restoration of the court house.

The city is remarkably quiet. No change in the situation.

The president has replied to Gen. Augur, that Augur correctly understands his orders in refusing troops to enforce Packard's proclamation. Augur's duties are confined to keeping the peace.

The president has received a dispatch from Gen. Augur conveying the information that Gov. Packard had applied to him for assistance to reinstate the supreme court in the building of which they had been dispossessed, and to otherwise enforce Packard's proclamation; and that he had informed Packard that he did not understand his instructions as authorizing the use of the troops for any such purpose, but that he had referred the matter to the president.

The president replied to General Augur that his understanding of his instructions was correct, and that the military force under his command is not to be used except to prevent a breach of the public peace by either of the opposing political parties.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—Sheriff Handy refuses to recognise the writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Shaw for the assistant sergeants at arms of the republican senate, who are in prison here.

In the democratic house to-day a joint resolution was unanimously adopted to the effect that the policy of kindness, fair and equitable treatment towards the colored people, as announced by Governor Nicholls in his Baton Rouge speech, in a letter to Mr. Pinchback, on the 12th inst., is endorsed and will be strictly adhered to by the legislature.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—There is no change in the political situation since last evening. The democrats have recovered from the depression caused by the president's telegram to General Auger, and are again hopeful, while the republicans maintain that the telegram foreshadows as early and complete recognition of their government.

THE ICE BLOCKADE

On the Monongahela River—The Trains Delayed.

OMAHA, Jan. 16.—The storm yesterday has been followed by intensely cold weather. The mercury this morning stood sixteen degrees below zero.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The mail and express trains on all the roads to-day are from one to twelve hours late. Trains are dispatched from Chicago at the usual hours. No accidents have been reported. The snow is still falling lightly; its depth is now two feet.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 16.—On either shore of the Monongahela river from this city to almost the head of navigation wrecks of steamboats, laden coal barges, empty barges, coal tipples and frame house floats are strewed in almost inextricable confusion.

NOT TO BE READ.

Unless the Speaker has Nothing Else to do.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 16,—The marquis of Salisbury, at a private audience of the sultan on Sunday, is understood to have strongly insisted upon his acceptance of the modified proposals.

The sultan, while maintaining his previous objections on the ground that the Turkish constitution did not allow him to yield to the demands of the powers, did not give a decisive reply.

LONDON, January 16.—A Reuter's Constantinople dispatch says that the Marquis of Salisbury, at the conference yesterday, in the name of the European colleagues, communicated to the representatives of the porte the last proposals of the powers, saying that if the porte rejected them he was instructed to withdraw from Constantinople.

All the other plenipotentiaries followed to the same effect.

Sanfed Pasha replied that he thought it impossible for the porte to yield. The porte, however, would examine the proposals and reply definitely at Thursday's meeting. Meanwhile the grand council of one hundred and eighty, composed of all the great dignitaries of state, will meet to decide upon the answer.

PARIS, January 16.—The Figaro announces that M. Bartholdi, French minister to the United States, will be replaced by Max Outrey, minister to Japan. Bartholdi will return to Paris to fill an important post in the ministry of foreign affairs.

Shielding a Criminal.

HARRISBURG, PA., Jan. 16.—The governor to-day refused to grant the application for a requisition for John A. Bigler, late vice-president of the City bank of this city, from San Francisco, on the ground that an effort was being made to use criminal law to enforce the payment of civil liabilities.

Iglesias Defeated.

GALVESTON, January 16.—A special to the News from Brownsville reports that Iglesias was defeated, and has asked to retire to private life. General Trevino, who was supporting Lerdo, surrendered his forces and was shot.

RICH MEN.

Incidents Illustrating Their Love of Money.

New York Correspondence of the Boston Post.

You are probably aware that, within a few years, many corporations here have adopted a rule to pay $5 to every director, trustee or officer who shall be punctual at any regular meeting of the board. The officer must be present before the president brings down his gavel on the stroke of the clock. If he arrives a second late he loses the premium offered for promptness. It is remarkable what an effect this has had upon directors and the like, especially the very rich ones. The richer the man, the more certain he is to be on hand before the fall of the gavel. Before the rule was made, it was extremely difficult to get a quorum of any board together, and now it is very easy. The inducement of earning $5 has wrough a transformation; the certainty of getting a little money has demolished procrastination.

Whenever you see millionaires like George Law, Moses Taylor, John Jacob Astor, Andrew V. Stout, Robert L. Cutting, August Belmont, S. L. M. Barlow, Horace B. Claflin, E. S. Jaffray anywhere about noon, dashing down Broadway, into Wall street through Pine street, or toward Hanover square, as if life and death depended on their mission, you can be sure that they are struggling for the $5. They try harder for it than most poor men would, and really mourn when they fail to secure it.

The president of a Broadway bank, worth several millions, with whom I was crossing the Hoboken ferry lately, attracted my attention by his fidgety manner and frequent glances at his watch. He told me afterward that he was afraid he would lose his $5, because the Delaware and Lackawanna train had been a little late, and that the directors' meeting was at 10 o'clock.

The rich director of a prominent insurance company told me lately that he had not missed punctual attendance for two years until a few weeks before, and that he is missing on that occasion had positively made him unhappy for 24 hours.

An opulent trustee of a leading gas company had a protracted discussion with the president, about thanksgiving time, on the subject of punctuality. The former claimed that he had entered the room before the gavel descended; the latter maintained that he had not entered until after the gavel had fallen. The trustee talked for two hours, and finally proposed to give $50 to any charity the president might name if he were allowed to have the $5.

These facts show curious glimpses of human nature, especially of rich human nature. One would not suppose that $5 would be any inducement to a millionaire to do anything, but it moves him as $100 would not move a man in ordinary circumstances. In most cases it seems to be strictly true that no person so loves money as the person who owns a vast deal.

WHENEVER Olive Logan partakes too freely of apple dumplings she sits down and writes to some paper that Grant is a bigger man than Washington.—Brooklyn Argus.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION—SIXTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Election of State House Officers—Confirmation of Gubernatorial Appointments, Etc.

ATLANTA, January 16.

THE SENATE.

The senate met at 10 a. m., and was called to order by President Lester.

Prayer by Rev. J. P. Duncan, chaplain.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Mr. Godfrey offered a resolution requesting the committee on public property to examine into and ascertain if the office of superintendent of public works is authorized by law, and if so to define his duties, which was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. England—To provide for the payment of school teachers and commissioners out of the fund set aside by the state for such purposes.

Mr. McDaniel—To regulate the time of holding court in the counties comprising the Apalachee circuit.

Also, relative to the introduction of witnesses in suits where said witnesses are interested.

Also, relative to the exemption of of property from levy when such property is owned by a widow.

Mr. Bryan—To amend the act creating a criminal court in the counties of DeKalb, Henry, Carroll and Sumter.

Mr. Reese—To amend section 4712 of the code.

Mr. Clifton—To prevent the obstruction of Rocky Creek in Tatnall county by any person which would seriously interfere with the transportation of timber in that stream.

ELECTION OF STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.

The senate concurred in the house amendment to the senate resolution to bring on the election of state house officers, and at 12 m. the senate proceeded to the hall of representatives to hold said election.

CONFIRMED.

The senate in executive session confirmed the following appointments:

C. Peeples, judge Atlanta circuit.

C. D. McCutchen, judge Cherokee circuit.

M. J. Crawford, judge Chattahoochee circuit.

L. E. Bleckley, judge supreme court.

R. N. Ely, attorney-general.

ADJOURNED.

Immediately after returning from the hall of the house of representatives, the senate adjourned until 10 a. m. to-morrow.

HOUSE.

The house was called to order at 10 A. M. by Speaker Bacon.

Prayer by Rev. John Jones, D. D. chaplain.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. Reece, whose name was inadvertently omitted from the judiciary committee, was placed on the committee.

Mr. Blue, in consequence of his seat being contested, was transferred from the committee on privileges and elections to that on the penitentiary, and Mr. Buntz transferred from the committee on penitentiary to that on privileges and elections.

ELECTION OF STATE HOUSE OFFICERS.

Mr. Candler moved to take up the senate resolution to bring on the election of state house officers.

Mr. Jordan, of Hancock, said it was an erroneous idea that the fees and perquisites of these state house officers can not be reduced after their election. Their election does not prejudice the rights of this house. Because a man is elected to fill one of these offices it is not binding on him to serve. It is competent for this house to abolish the office. The supreme court settled this question in the case of Swinney vs the city council of Augusta.

Mr. Stewart, of Spalding, enquired what he thought of the section of the constitution which declared that their salaries could not be increased or diminished during their continuance in office.

Mr. Jordan said that the fees and perquisites were not part of the salary.

Mr. Mathews, of Talbot, differed with Mr. Jordan. The fees and perquisites are franchises belonging to the office. If the constitution is silent upon the subject they become vested rights, and cannot be reduced. We could abolish the office and then re-create it, and thus get rid of high salaries.

The motion to take up the resolution prevailed.

Mr. Candler offered an amendment to strike out "Saturday, 13th," and insert "Tuesday, 16th," which amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Candler offered an amendment to strike out "public printer" and insert "public printer to fill the unexpired term of R. A. Alston, late public printer," which amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Stokeley offered an amendment that candidates for the office before the election announce what prices they will do the work for, and the name of their bondsmen.

Ruled out of order as it provided for a course of action when the senate and house would be in joint session.

The resolution as amended was concurred in.

Mr. Black submitted the report of the committee on that part of Governor Smith's message relative to the public printer, that the term of service of H. G. Wright to fill a vacancy in the office of public printer, expired with the beginning of this session, and in their opinion should be filled by an election by the present general assembly.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

House bills were read the second time and referred to appropriate committees.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At 12 M. the senate entered the hall. Upon taking his seat, President Lester announced that the general assembly had convened for the election of state house officers and a public printer for the unexpired term.

The first in order was the election for

SECRETARY OF STATE.

Mr. Whittle, of Cobb, nominated N. C. Barnett, the present incumbent.

Mr. Reese, of the twenty-ninth, nominated W. T. Newman.

Mr. Stanford nominated Col. W. H. Weems.

Mr. Simms nominated Gen. E. L Thomas.

Mr. North nominated Mr. W. U. Anderson. 212 votes were cast—107 necessary to a choice. The ballot stood:

Barnett, 126; Weems, 32; Newman, 31; Thomas, 16; Anderson, 7.

Mr. Barnett was re-elected.

The next in order was the election of

STATE TREASURER.

Mr. Robson nominated Hon. J. W. Renfroe.

Two hundred and eight votes were cast, of which all were cast for Mr. Renfroe, and he was, therefore, unanimously re-elected.

The next officer to be elected was

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Mr. Stewart, of Spalding, nominated W. L. Goldsmith, of DeKalb, the present incumbent.

Mr. Burch, of Thomas, nominated Peterson Thweatt.

Mr. Green nominated Colonel B. W. Frobell.

Mr. Walsh announced that W. A. Wright had declined in favor of Mr. Goldsmith.

210 votes were cast, 106 being necessary to a choice.

The ballot stood: Goldsmith, 198; Thweatt, 10; Frobel, 2.

Mr. Goldsmith was re-elected.

PUBLIC PRINTER.

Mr. Carlton nominated H. G. Wright for printer for the unexpired term.

Mr. Bloodworth nominated James P. Harrison.

Whole number of votes cast 209.

Mr. Harrison received 135, and Mr. Wright 74.

NATIONAL POLITICS.

Mr. Hood introduced under a suspension of the rules, a series of resolutions defining the portion of Georgia on national questions, which was referred to the committee on the state of the republic.

Mr. Hood moved to print 500 copies of the resolution.

Mr. Cox of Troup, moved to amend by striking out 500 and inserting 300. The motion to print did not prevail.

Mr. Whittle offered a resolution that committees on the state of the republic of the senate and house be a joint committee, which was agreed to.

Mr. Brockett was granted leave of absence.

On motion of Mr. Turnbull, the house adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

OVER THE FIELD.

A RUNNING REVIEW OF THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

Randall's Stag Reception—Menacing Preparations—An Interview with Wheeler—Chandler Before the Committee—A Court Lady's Opinion—Grant Letting his Tongue Loose Again—The Attempt to Compromise.

A CABINET OFFICER'S WIFE SETTLES THE PRESIDENTIAL PROBLEM.

Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Gazette.

WASHINGTON, January 11.—The following incident coming from a perfectly reliable source, shows the determination of the radical conspirators to count in Hayes at every hazard: On yesterday there was a reception given by one of the cabinet ladies, which was attended, as is customary, by the wives of democratic senators and representatives. It happened that in the general gossip which naturally is largely engaged in on such occasions, that the conversation turned on the dignity and grace with with which ladies had presided over the white house. Some one of the ladies remarked that Mrs. Secretary Fish would have filled the difficult position with great credit, whereupon the wife of one of the cabinet ministers present said that Mrs. Hayes would not be second to even Mrs Fish in this high station. A lady, the wife of a democratic congressman, said, laughingly, that Mrs. Pelton, the sister of Mr. Tilden, was a very accomplished lady, and would grace the white house, whereupon Mrs. Secretary Morrill said, with considerable heat, "Tilden will never occupy the white house. We have the army and the navy, and if force is necessary to inaugurate Hayes it will be used." This was said with rude pointedness of speech, and the manner of Mrs. Secretary Morrill was so brusque and unladylike that the democratic ladies present felt that it was not proper for them to tarry longer and they immediately withdrew.

MENACING PREPARATIONS.

New York Sun.

The white house and all the departments at Washington are connected by telegraph with the senate and the house of representatives separately, with a view to facilitate the transaction of public business. We now learn that, within the last few days, a new line of military telegraph has been laid, connecting the war department specially with the capitol. This line may be regarded as the extension of another, recently established between the war office and the arsenal, where the troops and the munitions of war lately ordered there are stationed.

Congress is legislating peaceably. Committees of the two houses are striving to reach a satisfactory mode of counting the votes for president. There is no excitement in Washington, and no probability of any disturbance in that community of officeholders, claim agents, contractors, lobbyists and professional jobbers. Only two or three inflammatory speeches have been made in either house, and they have been condemned by both democrats and republicans.

While this is the condition of facts, a large force of artillery has been concentrated at Washington during the past month, and it is known positively that other troops are to be ordered there within the next few weeks. When resolutions of inquiry are offered in the house to ascertain the reason for the unusual presence of part of the army and for these military preparations in the midst of quiet, Mr. Garfield or some other agent of Grant jumps to his feet with an objection, and as two-thirds then became necessary to carry the resolution, it is laid over.

Now, it is useless to disguise the meaning of these various movements, which have been chiefly directed by Don Cameron. They form a part of the conspiracy to make Hayes president, by force sustaining fraud. The pacific assurances and promises of agreement by those who are acting under the orders of Chandler, Morton, Sherman and their confederates, are only devices contrived to withdraw attention from the plot, and to enable the conspirators to perfect their plans, while deceived people are trustfully looking forward to an honorable solution of the present problems. Let the country not be deceived by the conspirators, or it may wake up some morning, as Paris did in 1851, and find the revolution in full success at the capital.

THE COMPROMISE.

Correspondence of the Courier-Journal.

WASHINGTON, January 14.—Notwithstanding the details put forth that no definite conclusion has been reached, I have reason to believe that the senate and house committee on the electoral vote have substantially agreed upon a plan of adjustment for any disputed question which may arise between the two houses in counting the presidential votes. So far, Mr. Morton is the only one on the committee who seems resolved to make a determined opposition to the plan. The present form of the scheme, as I learn, is for a commission of arbitration to be composed of five members of the senate, five members of the house, and six senior justices of the United States supreme court. These are: Clifford, of Maine; Swayne, of Ohio, Miller, of Iowa, Davis, of Illinois; Field, of California, and Strong, of Pennsylvania. Justices Clifford and Field are democrats. Justices Miller, Swayne and Strong are republicans, and Justice Davis is a liberal republican. The plan is to eliminate of this number by drawing out the name of some justice by lot, and the commission would thus be composed of fifteen members. The plan would be embodied in a bill to be passed by this congress. The justices of the supreme court expressed some reluctance early in the session to have the question referred to them as a court, but individually they might readily assent to serve on a commission. It has been intended by the senate committee to provide that the decision of the tribunal should be binding, unless reversed by both houses;

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 17, 1877.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

The decisions for the July term, 1876, are now ready.

The pamphlet will be furnished regular subscribers at $1, and to all others at $2.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

We announce the name of Mr. WILLIAM A. HEMPHILL, our business manager, as the candidate of THE CONSTITUTION for state printer.

We refer to the course of our newspaper as a basis of our claims on the democratic party of Georgia, and to the general completeness and efficiency of our printing establishment as to our ability to promptly and properly perform the work.

GEORGIA IN CONGRESS.

We begin where we left off—with the Record for Wednesday, the third inst.

Senator Wright called up the bill to authorize sundry allowances to James Atkins, late collector for the fourth district of Georgia. Senators Conkling and Morrill championed the bill, and it was passed.

On Thursday, the fifth inst., Senator Gordon announced that Senator Norwood was paired, on all political questions, with Mr. Padcock, of Nebraska.

On the following day Mr. Blount closed the debate on the consular and and diplomatic bill, and Mr. Hartridge put a bill from the committee for the District of Columbia, through the house.

Messrs. Blount, Candler, Cook, Felton, Harris, Hartridge and Smith voted against Mr. Lawrence's resolution of inquiry relative to common schools for colored children. Messrs. Hill and Stephens did not vote. The entire delegation, except Mr. Stephens, voted against Mr. Hunter's resolution favoring only the payment of war claims in the hands of loyal persons. On the same day Mr. Candler presented the petition of John South, for a rehearing of his claim for property taken on Sherman's march to the sea; also the petition of L. H. Davis, of similar import. Both of these claims had been rejected by the southern claims commission.

On Monday of last week Senator Gordon endeavored to call up the bill for the relief of Robert Erwin; but as the senator who reported the bill was absent, the motion was withdrawn.

On the next day Mr. Cook presented from the committee on military affairs, a large number of reports. Mr. Hill presented the petition "of citizens of Georgia" for a post route from Cumming to Dawsonville.

On Friday last, Senator Gordon introduced a bill to create a sinking fund for the liquidation of the government bonds advanced to the Pacific railroads.

THE PENITENTIARY.

The report of Principal Keeper Brown shows that the number of convicts on hand at the end of 1876 was 1,108, an increase over the previous year's number of 196. During the year 82 were discharged and 18 were pardoned; 58 died, 44 escaped and 6 were returned for new trials. The large mortuary and escape lists were due to the old lease system, which involved frequent changes and a wide dispersion of the convicts.

Colonel Brown reviews the history of the penitentiary from the reception of the first convict in 1817 down to the present year. The farming-out plan was rendered necessary by the changes in the condition of the negro, who, in the language of the report, was invested with the privilege of the penitentiary along with freedom and political rights. That plan has relieved the state of taxation on account of the punishment of criminals; and under an act of the last legislature three companies have been organized to take all the convicts of the state during the next twenty years. The three prisons of the future —one in Dade, one in Greene, and the other in Dougherty—will be ready on the 1st day of April, 1879, to receive convicts without cost to the state.

The principal keeper aims to show in conclusion—and we think very conclusively—that his office is no sinecure. He even urges the appointment of an assistant principal keeper, with an adequate salary; and it must be confessed there is more work for such an officer than an ordinarily falls to a public servant.

The catalogue shows that there is not a white female among the 1,108 convicts on hand. 114 are white males, 954, colored males, and the remaining 40 are colored females.

SENATOR WINDOM and Judge Holman, chairmen of the respective committees on appropriations, are still confident that the regular appropriation bills will be acted on before the adjournment. Some apprehension is said to be felt in Washington, however, for it is admitted that if not passed before the day arrives for examining the electoral vote, they will but stand a poor chance before the expiration of the session, should there be no choice of a president.

THE annual deficiency estimates for the current year are $100,000 less than the estimates of one year ago. And yet the appropriations were reduced nearly $30,000,000. This shows that further reductions could probably be made without detriment to the public service. But for the amounts needed for army transportation and for Robeson's department, the deficiency estimates would be smaller than in many a year.

IN the federal senate one day last week, Mr. Chaffee introduced a bill to abolish stoves and direct fires in railroad cars. He had doubtless heard from the Ashtabula accident, and in accordance with the new dispensation he immediately introduced a bill. If a man fails to get a private or local bill through the legislature, he should apply to Chaffee, who considers congress competent to enact any kind of legislation for the sun.

THE Louisiana returning board is to be summoned before the bar of the house. This is not the sort of bar before which the members of the board have been in the habit of appearing. Therefore it is to be hoped that the house will make no unnecessary delay in counting them in—jail.

MR. J. A. BRENNER, the superintendent of the Augusta division of the Western Union telegraph company, has been summoned to Washington. It is to be hoped that congress won't send Brenner into the dungeon of the house. We feel a sort of interest in the young man.

Mr. Harrison's libel suit was settled by confession of judgment and the payment of the costs, and of the further sum of $2,708 50 to the plaintiff "without delay." The Globe-Democrat says in a voluntary and unsolicited manner to boot.

THE TEXAS PACIFIC RAILROAD BILL.

The Texas Pacific railroad bill which has been so pertinaciously kept before congress and the country by Tom Scott, of the Pennsylvania Central, and which is denounced on the one hand as a huge swindle and commended on the other as a wise measure, has come to the surface again in a new shape. It is now called "the Texas Pacific compromise bill." This compromise is understood to embrace and embody a thorough understanding between Mr. Scott, on the part of the Texas Pacific interests, and Mr. Huntingdon, on the part of the Central Pacific. It appears that Mr. Huntingdon has much of a railroad magnate in the west as Mr Scott, is in the east, and when the latter proposed to invade the dominions of the former by means of government authority and subsidy, the ire of Mr. Huntingdon was aroused. He arose, shook the cinders from his shirt front and declared war against the energetic Pennsylvanian, and entered the campaign with great earnestness and vigor. The fight was a bitter one, but when Huntingdon announced that he would build the road without the aid of government subsidies and, in addition, turn over all the freight and passengers to the southern roads for their benefit, the eastern magnate concluded it would be to his interest to come to terms—hence the present compromise bill. This bill (to make available the synopsis of a Washington correspondent) calls for a mortgage to be made as a first lien upon the roads and all their lands, whether government or state; and provides that all the bonds created under this mortgage shall be deposited in the treasury of the United States; but that only so many of said bonds can be withdrawn as the sworn commissioners of the United States may certify as being requisite to cover the actual money expenditures on the conetruction of the lines. Of course, therefore, if the lines can be built for $25,000 or $20,000 a mile, or even less, only just so many bonds as are needed to cover the actual cost of the property actually laid down and placed, can be withdrawn from the treasury of the United States. These bonds are to be the companies' own bonds, and not bonds of the United States government at all. They are secured by a first mortgage upon all the property proposed to be constructed and equipped under the bill. All that the government is asked to do is to guarantee the payment by the companies of an interest of five per cent on these bonds. It is to be in no wise responsible for the principal of the bonds. To secure the government in making this guarantee of interest, it is authorized and empowered to reserve the entire amount of government transportation, whether for troops, munitions of war, postal facilities, or any other matters incidental to government transportation, as well as all telegraphic communications of the government. 2. To reserve the amount received from all sales of lands granted the companies, either by the government or by the state of Texas, which are to be paid into the treasury of the United States. 3. All of the net revenue of the company from its general business with the public which, in addition to the foregoing revenues, may be required to place the United States treasury in funds on the maturing of each set of coupons, shall be put in the treasury of the United States for that purpose.

The bill further provides that for each mile of road to be constructed there shall be retained in the treasury of the United States at least $5,000 a mile of the bonds of each company named in the bill, with full power to the secretary of the treasury, in case all the sources of revenue above described should be found inadequate to meet the coupons on their maturity, to sell and dispose of the same at the company's expense, so that the government of the United States may be relieved from ever contributing one dollar of its own money for the purpose of protecting its guarantee. As a protection to the government, the bill also provides that these roads shall forever be open highways, with which all roads shall have the right of connection between the waters of the Mississippi valley and the waters of the Pacific ocean, and that the power of controlling the rates shall be vested in congress, so that no huge monopoly or speculation can ever be made upon these highways, which will give great facilities and great practical economy to the public, and especially to the government, in connection with all its military and other transportation business. These lines will form connections with every road in the United States now constructed, commencing with lines to Galveston, connecting at New Orleans with all the roads that centre there; forming connections through Vicksburg and the system of roads that centre there across the cotton belt, and at Memphis with the lines through Chattanooga and Virginia to Norfolk; and also through Louisville and the various lines that centre there, forming connections with all the Atlantic cities. It will also be observed that the new lines of road to be constructed will form connections with every Atlantic port, commencing at Galveston and going up through New Orleans, Mobile, Savannah, Charleston, Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to Portland. Every one of these ports will be accessible from the waters of the Pacific, by rail connection, on the completion of this system of roads. In addition to this, this system of roads will have three different connections with St. Louis and the system centering there, forming through connections via Cincinnati, via Indianapolis and via Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland and Buffalo, to New York, and also, by the various

---

QUEEN VIC. has twenty-five grandchildren. R. R.—This does not include any that may have been reported by last night's cable dispatches.

JOHN BROWN, JR., son of old "Ossawatamie," is practicing law in San Bernardino, California. The widow and other members of the family are in the northern part of that state.

THE young men of the present day seem to be thoughtful almost beyond their years. One of them at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, has just killed himself upon the eve of marriage.

DR. STORRS says: "Four of the richest men in America have died so close together in time that it must be that God is teaching the people a lesson that the rich men, as a rich man, cannot enter the kingdom of heaven."

MR. GEORGE MCGOVERN, of Richmond, owns the first cotton bond issued by the Confederate government. It is as fresh and crisp as on "August 1, 1861," and once meant to southern eyes $40,000

THE party of reform has put its foot down. Here is its motto, from which it will not move an inch: "Ask nothing but that which is right; submit to nothing that is wrong."

THE private reception of Minister Pierrepont and Mrs. Pierrepont by the queen of England at Windsor was a very unusual compliment, and has been interpreted as a special token of her good will toward the United states

THE Franklin typographical society of Boston, by a vote of 41 to 40—a three-fourths vote being necessary for admission—has rejected the application of a colored printer on the ground that the society is a social as well as a business organization.

THE name of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston has been mentioned in connection with the next gubernatorial nomination in Virginia, but not having resided in the state the requisite three years, he is said to be constitutionally ineligible.

THE musical critic of Chicago Tribune on Madame Essipoff: Compared with her own sex she is better than any woman we have heard. Name them over and think of their playing—Mehlig, Topp, Krebbs, Rive, Schiller, Goddard, and one cannot but acknowledge she is facile princeps.

IT is said that Sheridan's presence in Washington has no political significance. So we were told a while ago that that the concentration of troops there had no political significance. It isn't always safe to believe what we hear from administration sources.

TAKE the famous grape of the Johannisberger hill and plant it upon a hill in Spain, and you will not get Johannisberger by any means.—New York Times. Take the governor of Ohio, and fraudulently plant him in the presidential chair, and you will not get a president by any means.

THE partnership of Hayes & Wheeler, as receivers of stolen goods, which began Nov 8, 1876, will expire by limitation March 4, 1877. The operations of the firm thus far have been sadly impeded by detectives, officers of justice and the rightful owners of the stolen property.

FITZHUGH, the ex-door-keeper of the house, is still in Washington. His son earns a small salary as an employee, and Mrs. F. has taken a house and keeps boarders. She is far more of a business man than her husband, and during the centennial visiting season cleared several hundred dollars.

THE landlords of the Parker house, Boston, have discovered that they have been furnishing choice meats from their larder to three restaurants through the dishonesty of their servants. The thefts have been going on for three months, as much as $200 worth of meat being taken sometimes in a single night.

THERE is a great difference in the two sons of Mr. Vanderbilt. William H is a real man, strong and talented as his father, but of Corcellius, Jr., little can be said, and the less the better. The old Commodore understood his boys, for while he "provided for" Cornelius, he munificently endowed William H. with wealth for himself and his children to follow him.

JAMES FISK, SR, wintering at Brattleboro, Vt., with his family, is said to be a cheerful old gentleman. His time is much occupied in delivering private temperance lectures at home, and exhibiting on the streets his wonderful harness, which now embraces eight patents. Mr. Fisk is now making a harness for the manager of the A. T. Stewart New York homestead for $300, and has an order for a $400 double one for a wealthy New York lady.

THE contest between the trustees of the Lick estate and the heirs has been finally arranged. John H., a natural son of James Lick, receives $533 000, from which he pays $72,000 to other heirs, in various amounts. This leaves the trustees in a position to carry out the conditions of the trust-deed, and gives clear title to all real estate included in the trust. The value of the property involved is estimated at $3,300,000.

THIS pleasant story is told of Pius IX: He observed a young man studying a painting by Raphael in the Vatican. "You are of the academy, my son?" "No, your holiness. I am too poor." "Go and put your name there' and I will pay the fees." "But, your holiness, I am a Protestant." "The academy is for artists and that is enough for me."

MR. COWPER-TEMPLE, who inherited the greater portion of Lord Palmerston's estate, has, it is said, just handed over to the Hon. Evelyn Ashley (his biographer and his private secretary, and grandson of Lady Palmerston) the large estate in the county Sligo, the yearly income of which is estimated at 5,000 or 6,000 pounds. The transference would have been made sooner, but Mr. Cowper-Temple wanted to complete the improvements inaugurated by Lord Palmerston before making the gift.

THE English liberals have split on the eastern question, and Gladstone and Lord Harrington will lead the two wings. The conservatives are already divided, the extremists under Lord Beaconsfield's lead and the moderates under the marquis of Salisbury. The liberals have been in a very disorganized condition for some time, Harrington, the nominal leader, having not developed the ability of Gladstone to weld the party together. Gladstone will undoubtedly succeed in uniting his party in the event of his renewed activity.

THE prevailing rage for baby jewelry is deplorable in some of its phases, and justly excites the indignation of the censors of the press. Objection is taken in particular to the dressing of little Julia Grant at the last white house reception with a necklace, bracelets and a solitaire diamond ring. I is said that more baby jewelry was sold during the late holiday season than ever before. The fondness for personal adornment grows soon enough in a female child, and need not be gratified by arraying in jewels the innocent little creatures that have not yet learned to express their desires.

THE New York Journal of Commerce has been investigating the length of time it takes to transmit a message over the Atlantic cable. The first signal is felt in Newfoundland in a second; but the following one goes through more rapidly. As many as seventeen words have been sent over the Atlantic cable in one minute. Fifteen can easily be sent under pressure; and twelve words a minute is a good working rate. A fact not yet exploained by the scientists is that the electricity does not move so rapidly from New York to London as in the opposite direction.

WHEN a man in New York has once taken a fine house, he doesn't like to leave it even if his income begins to fall. It makes people talk, and his position may be affected. There died not long ago a gentleman, who, up to his death, had been paying $10,000 a year for his house, and could leave nothing for his family. He took it when times were flush and didn't give it up. In London, where rents are higher than anywhere except New York, no one has paid such a rent as this since Lord Palmerston, when prime minister, paid the same sum for Cambridge house in Piccadilly. He was childless, eighty, had an income of 20,000 pounds a year in real estate and salary, and his wife had upward of 30,000 pounds a year more. London men with 100,000 pounds a year in the most solid securities are content with houses rented at 1,000 pounds a year. The London rents of the two richest men in England did not amount to $7,000. Their property was worth $80,000,000.

—Be sure and call for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, if you are troubled with a bad Cough or Cold. It will give you relief. For sale by every respectable Druggists. One bottle 25 cents; five bottles for $1 00.

—You Cannot Hide It! "That Catarrh spoils your voice," Dr. J. H. McLean's Wonderful Catarrh Snuff soothes and heals all irritation in the nose, head or throat, a sure cure. Trial boxes 50c, by mail. Dr. J. H. McLean, 314 Chestnut, St. Louis.

St. James Hotel, Florida.

This favorite House is now open Passenger Elevator, good table and other appointments found in first-class Hotels. Special arrangements for rooms by the week or season. Rooms secured by mail or telegraph. Address J. R CAMPBELL, Manager. dec8—d2m

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

UNBANKRUPTCY.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA—as: At Madison, the 15th day of December, 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the firm of Wingfield & Edmundson, and of John T. Wingfield, of Washington, in the county of Wilkes and state of Georgia, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon petition of John T. Wingfield, by the District court of said district.

WM. H. TOOMBS,
of Washington, Georgia,
Assignee of Wingfield & Edmundson, and John T. Wingfield.
dec17—law6w

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements in "Wanted," "For Rent," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at TEN CENTS a line, each insertion. All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents

WANTED TO RENT—One or a couple of good sized rooms, in a private family, convenient to Pavilion. Address "Wanted," this office. jan17—3t

WANTED—To borrow $200 for one year, on real estate worth four times the amount. Will pay 2 50 per month for it. Address A. B., at No. 85 Peachtree street. jan17—d1t

NOW FOR RENT—The best Retail Dry Goods stand in the South. Apply to J. Norcross, Atlanta, Ga. jan17—d3t

WANTED—Good Traveling Agents to sell an article that is used in every business house; also, one used in all dwellings. Apply or write; enclosing stamp, to Dr. J. H. Mowry, Cannon House. 8 to 10 a. m. jan17-d3t

WANTED—To borrow, for twelve months, from two to three thousand dollars, at a reasonable rate of interest. Ample security will be given. Address, stating rate of interest, "Manufacturer," care Constitution. jan17—dwed.frisaun

A SMART, ACTIVE BOY WANTED at office of Illustrated Weekly, 56 Whitehall street. jan17—d3t

WANTED—A good store in the best business part of Atlanta—about 25 by 50 feet with good show windows—suitable for fine and fancy goods. Cash will be paid quarterly with good reference. Address, stating lowest cash price by the year and location, G. H. M., Cranford, New Jersey. jan16—d3t

A YOUNG LADY, who has had some experience in a school, desires to commence. She likes branches, desires a situation as Teacher in a school or private family. In the latter case will be willing to assist in sewing. No objection to the country. Address Miss U., Constitution office, Atlanta, Ga. jan16—d3t

FOR SALE—I will sell my stock of Tinware for less than cost price, at 29 Marietta st. oct. jan15—d3t

FOUR BOARDERS can be accommodated with first-class board, in a private family in one of the best neighborhoods in the city. Rooms nicely furnished and carpeted. References required. Apply to W. H. Watkins, 72 Whitehall treet. jan61—d3t

FOR RENT—A nine room house, corner Forsyth and Luckie streets. Apply at 34 Luckie street. jan14—4sun-tues-thurksun

FOR SALE—A small Farm of 40 acres, 1¼ miles from car shed, two-thirds in cultivation, balance well timbered; on it is about 3,000 bearing fruit trees and grape vines, a small house and a well of good water. Address A. Lambert, P. O. city, or apply to his Nursery, near the Cemetery, on Fair street. jan12—d2w

REMOVAL.—The Domestic office has moved from James' Block, to No. 31 Peachtree street, next door to Cox & Hill. Craige & Co., general dealers in Domestic Machines and Domestic Paper Fashions, will be pleased to serve their many friends and the public generally at their new stand. jan14-d1w

WANTED—A situation in the country, by a young man 17 years old. Has had one year's experience in farming. Can give reference. Address J. B L. Constitution office. jan12-d1f

COT BED SASH, and all sizes of Sash, Doors and Blinds, at Bottom Prices. 38 Decatur street. Jennings & Co. jan12—d1w

New Advertisements.

A Great Bargain!

TWENTY-FIVE TONS OF EXCELLENT "KAINIT," (or German Potash Salts) A SPLENDID FERTILIZER for Cotton, etc, as proven by analysis of Mr. W. J. LAND, Chemist, to the Department of Agriculture. Apply to P. O. Box 305. jan17 d1w

Postponed Executor's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Greene county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February next, within the legal hours of sale, one unimproved lot in the city of Atlanta, adjoining A. K. Seago's brick store, fronting on Mitchell street twenty-five feet and running back 110 feet to an alley, sold for the benefit of the heirs of Green Moore, deceased, of Greene county, Georgia. Terms of sale cash. December 19th, 1876.

J. N. ARMOR,
J. W. MOORE,
Executors of Green Moore, deceased
jan2—d1aw&wid

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

No. 11 Pryor Street,

OFFER to the trade their usual large and assorted stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dyestuffs, etc.,

on the most favorable terms. We are agents for the RED SEAL BRAND

St. Louis Strictly Pure WHITE LEAD

Lookout for imitations. We have for sale

50 Tons

Nova Scotia Land Plaster, Sulphate Ammonia Nitrate Soda, Muriate of Potash and Fertilizing Salt Petre.

Call or send for prices

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR.

jan12—dtf

For Sale or Rent,

THE FLOURING MILLS formerly owned by STEWART, AUSTIN & CO. on (W. & A. R. R.) Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia, are now offered FOR SALE or RENT, on most reasonable terms.

These Mills originally cost over $20,000. They have five runners, with middlings purifier of latest and best patent. Machinery runs entirely by belt. Bolting capacity five barrels per hour. Consumption of Coal only about 700 lbs. to the barrel with good dry wheat.

Parties desiring to rent or purchase will be shown the Machinery by Mr. Keele, the engineer, at the premises, or Colonel J. A. Stewart.

Titles satisfactory or no sale.

For further particulars address

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Attorney at Law,
No 5 Kimball House, Atlanta, Georgia.
jan14—d&w1w

Assignee's Sale.

N. R. Fowler, Auctioneer.

BY virtue of a general order issued by the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Tennessee, we will sell at the office of the Southern Life Insurance Co., No. 10 W. Alabama street, in the city of Atlanta, on Tuesday, January 30th, 1877, commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m., all the personal property in said office, consisting of 3 fine Office Desks, one Fire Proof Safe, Chairs, Matting, Carpets, Wardrobe, two Lounges, Gas Fixtures, one Fine Counter, Letter Press, Partitions and other articles. Terms cash. Sold as the property of the Southern Life Insurance Co., Bankrupts.

O. WOOLDRIDGE,
C. T. PATERSON,
J. As MORRIS,
Assignee.
jan9—d3an9,21,'78,30th

M. P. KISER

Has no idea of quitting the

Dry Goods Trade

in Atlanta. He will soon open out a full line of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. jan14—d1w

MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

Dr. Geo. W. Marvin again tenders his professional services to his old friends and the public. Dispensary and consultation rooms, No. 1 Whitehall street, in Centennial building, Atlanta, Ga., where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.

The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Goitry, Dropsy, Biliousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.

Electricity applied in cases where it is required. The Doctor is permanently located, and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as he treats all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 4 P.M. jan12-d&w1f

Tax Collector's Notice

THE State and County Tax Books for the year 1876, will close on the 30th inst. After that date, all unpaid taxes will be placed in the hands of the Sheriff and Bailiffs for collection. The Tax Collector will be gratified, and annoyance and expense saved to the tax payers by payment on or before the 30th inst.

W. S. WALKER,
Tax Collector Fulton County.
jan14-1f

Printing.

PRINTING! PRINTING!

BOOK and JOB PRINTING.

V. P. SISSON & CO.

26 Broad Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Neat--Cheap--Prompt

EVERYTHING PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART--FROM A CARD TO A POSTER.

Mercantile and Railroad PRINTING.

Letter Heads,	Bill Heads,
Pamphlets,	Envelopes,
Cards, Tags,	Statements,
Handbills,	Posters,
Programmes,	Receipts,
Bank Checks,	Drafts,
Notes,	Bonds,
Diplomas,	Catalogues,
School Circulars, &c., &c.	

LEGAL BLANKS

of the latest and most approved forms always on hand.

All the Forms in Bankruptcy, including Assignees' Title Deeds.

☞ *Orders from abroad will have prompt attention. Address,*

V. P. SISSON & CO.,
No. 26 Broad St.,
V. P. SISSON, B. F. BENNETT. } *Atlanta, Ga.*

Educational.

Norcross High School.

THIS well known Institution will be opened for the new year, on Monday, the 15th instant, under the direction of Prof Jas. R. Anthony, of Washington, Ga., as PRINCIPAL, aided by an accomplished Instructress in Music, and other necessary help.

Prof. Anthony comes highly recommended by such men as Judge Reese, Hon. Sam'l Barratt and General D. M. DuBose, of his native town, and by Hon. A. H. Stephens, Rev. J. S. Lamar, Hon. A. T. Akerman, and others of different parts of Georgia and other States. We bespeak for him a liberal patronage

For particulars, write for a circular.

JAMES P. SIMMONS,
President, &c.
Norcross, Ga., January 2, 1877—d4w

Lagrange Female College,

LAGRANGE, GEORGIA.

THE Spring Term of this old and well organized Institution, under the Presidency of Rev. J. R. Mayson, will open January 10th Prof. Schirmacker in charge of Music Department. Miss McFall will take charge of all pupils on their way to Lagrange on Tuesday the 9th. Leave Atlanta at eleven o'clock. jan4 - d1w

KIRKWOOD HIGH SCHOOL

A Boarding School for Boys.

THE SPRING SESSION will begin January 10th, 1877. Fees tuition for three years is offered the student standing the highest in the school by the Trustees of the University of Georgia. Boys of bad character will not be retained. Thorough training, good discipline and good moral and social influence characterize this School.

Board and Tuition, Spring Session, $156, IN ADVANCE.

For circular address CHAS. M NEEL,
dec21—d1m Box 493, Atlanta, Ga.

SOUTHERN Masonic Female College.

NEXT SESSION opens 10th instant. Terms favorable

Board in private families at $15 per month washing and towels extra. In College building under care of teachers $15; or $13 if bed, bedding, etc., be furnished.

☞Young ladies can have board and tuition, embracing Music, with no extra charge, for $35 per month, paid monthly in advance.

Calisthenics and Vocal Music free.

Send for Catalogue.

J. N. BRADSHAW,
President.
Covington, Ga., January 2, 1877—d2w&w1t

Annianna Classical School,

(Near ADAIRSVILLE, GA.; FOUNDED IN 1865.)

THE next session of this well established, private, select, high school will open 15th JANUARY. Its location is accessible, healthful and attractive. Being in the country, it has no surroundings of a character to tempt a student into idleness or dissipation. It furnishes a thorough Academic Course in Science, Mathematics and the Ancient Languages. Students board with the Rector and their habits are as carefully guarded, day and night, as those of his own sons. Number restricted. None admitted under 12 years of age. Board and Tuition, $50 50 per quarter. Send for Circulars.

JOHN H. FITTEN,
Address Adairsville, Ga.
jan3—d3w&w2w

Female Seminary.

REV. FERDINAND JACOBS, D.D., formerly of Charleston, subsequently of Lawrenceville Female College, S. C., will open, Tuesday, January 2, at his residence No. 89 South Pryor street, a School for Girls and Young Ladies.

He trusts he is sufficiently known as a Teacher, to secure for him the confidence of parents and guardians. He is permitted to refer to the following named gentlemen:

Rev. Dr. Leftwich, Maj John Bowie, Col. Sam'l B. Spencer, Mr. W. A. Moore, Rev. Mr. Martin, Rev. Dr. John Jones, H. B. Lee, M. D.

dec27—d1w

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of Pendleton and Palmer is dissolved by mutual consent. H. C. Pendleton assumes all the liabilities and will collect all debts due the late firm.

H. C. PENDLETON,
J. C. PALMER.

HAVING bought out the entire interest of Mr J. C. Palmer, I will continue the business at the old stand, No. 84 Whitehall street. Thanking the public for their liberal patronage in the past, I respectfully ask for their support and encouragement in the future.

jan12—d1awdw H. C. PENDLETON.

Brick for Sale.

200,000 BRICK delivered on cars at Hapeville, at $7 per thousand Prices, 1 cent a cent prepaid to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on

PAT LYNCH,
Builder and Contractor
or leave orders at J. J. & F. W. Lynch's, No. 1 Decatur street. jan12—d1w

---

Fertilizers.

Georgia State Grange Fertilizers.

COTTON OPTION WILL BE GIVEN

I HAVE BEEN APPOINTED AGENT AT ATLANTA FOR THESE

Celebrated and Well Known Brands,

and from their past reputation feel satisfied I can RECOMMEND THEM WITH CONFIDENCE to the Brotherhood and Farmers generally, many of whom consider them to be the

Best Fertilizers Ever Sold in Georgia.

I SHALL SELL ALL THE BRANDS, NAMELY, THE

Georgia State Grange Fertilizer,
Georgia State Grange Dissolved Bones,
Georgia State Grange Acid Phosphate,

which comprise all the grades Ammoniated and Non-Ammoniated the Farmer needs either for Compositing or for use alone.

I am now prepared to receive orders and shall keep a limited quantity in Store at Atlanta for Local Trade. CAN FILL ORDERS PROMPTLY. For terms apply to me.

J. H. KETNER,
GRANGE AGENT.
Atlanta, Ga., January 16, 1877. At Kennesaw Mills Depot.

NOTE—As to quality I refer to HON. THOS. P. JANES, COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE, and DR. WM. J. LAND, STATE CHEMIST.
jan17—d2m.2dp.

Bank Statement.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Atlanta National Bank,

At Atlanta, in the State of Georgia, at the close of business, December 22, 1876.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 820,197 37	Capital stock paid in	$ 300,000 00
Overdrafts	7,636 56	Surplus fund	45,500 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	200,000 00	Undivided profits	25,816 08
U S. Bonds to secure deposits	75,000 00	National Bank notes outstanding	180,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	22,755 00	Dividends unpaid	1,350 00
Due from approved reserved agents	167,623 55	Individual deposits subject to check	293,972 16
Due from other National Banks	11,489 60	Demand certificates of deposit	21,899 61
Due from State Banks and bankers	18,909 24	United States deposits	29,277 86
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	49,150 87	Deposits of U. S. disbursing officers	74,311 54
Current expenses and taxes paid	9,771 65	Due to other National Banks	36,384 90
Premiums paid	18,554 72	Due to State Banks and bankers	9,474 42
Checks and other cash items	27,975 68		
Bills of other Banks	30,650 00		
Fractional currency (including nickels)	5,781 05		
Specie (including gold Treasury certificates)	2,301 35		
Legal-tender notes	50,100 00		
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	9,000 00		
TOTAL	$1,019,976 54	TOTAL	$1,019 976 54

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON, ss:

I, Wm. H. Tuller, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. H. TULLER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of January, 1877.

PAUL ROMARE, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

W. J. GARRETT,
R. H. RICHARDS,
W. B COX,
Directors.

jan17—d1t

Amusements.

Pleasure and Profit

The Ladies of the Catholic Church will open

A FAIR

—ON—

MONDAY, 22d INSTANT,

AT 8 P. M., IN THE

New Centennial Building,

NEAR RAILROAD CROSSING.

THIS is an invitation of welcome to the Honorable Members of the Senate and House of Representatives and to all of our fellow citizens. A pleasant time anticipated. Proceeds for Convent of Mercy jan16-dtue-thur&sun

Ready-Made Clothing.

DETERMINED TO CLOSE OUT OUR STOCK OF WINTER CLOTHING.

:BEFORE

February 1st,

WE NOW

OFFER SOME Extraordinary Inducements IN PRICES.

There are many who have not yet bought their Winter supply of Clothing, and who have not the means to buy fine Clothing and yet do not wish to wear cheap, coarse goods; to such we offer a CAPITAL OPPORTUNITY.

The goods we have yet on hand are mostly FINE in quality, but we will sell at prices ordinarily charged for common goods.

HAAS BROS.

O. K. CLOTHING STORE,

32 Whitehall St.

dec31—dtf

Dry Goods and Clothing.

THE OLD RELIABLE STORE

—OF—

M. MENKO & BRO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Clothing Dry Goods

—AND—

Furnishing Goods.

WE are now daily receiving our large and elegant new stock of goods just from market. We shall expect all of our old customers to trade with us, and many new ones.

We will make it to the interest of the public to deal with us

M. MENKO & BRO.,
Corner Whitehall and Alabama streets,
sept7—d6m Opposite St. James' Bank

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

By the use of which every family may give their linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'

DOBBINS, BRO. & CO.,
12 N. Fourth st., Philadelphia.
P. S. T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta
dec7 d&w1y

STEAM-ENGINES!

More effective and more complete, and more readily adapted to the various manufacturing purposes of rural than any other in the market. Practical mechanics and accountants, tired from twenty years' manufacturing experience with reputation maintained, and references satisfactory, are now ready to furnish Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills, Shingle Machines, Grist Mills, Corn Shellers, Separators, and Agricultural Steam Machinery.

Send for Circulars, descriptive, and considering no impossible concerning our Portable, Stationary, and Agricultural Steam Machinery.

WOOD, TABER & MORSE
EATON, MADISON CO., N. Y.
jan16—d1w

New Advertisements.

$2500 A YEAR. AGENTS WANTED on our Grand Combination Prospectus, representing **150 DISTINCT BOOKS** wanted everywhere. The Biggest Thing Ever Tried. Sales made from this when all single Books fail. Also, Agents wanted for our MAGNIFICENT FAMILY BIBLES, Superior to all others. With invaluable Illustrative Aids and Superb Bindings. These Books beat the World. Full particulars free. Address JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Publishers, PHILADELPHIA.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

25 Extra Fine mixed Cards, with name, 10 cts., post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Aug sta, Maine.

WANTED Men to sell to Merchants. $90 a month and traveling expenses paid. Gem Manufacturing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and expenses free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

$20,000 IN GOLD,

And other Valuable Premiums, GIVEN TO THOSE WHO

WORK for the TIMES.

THE CINCINNATI WEEKLY TIMES, published for 33 years, has a National character and influence with patrons in every State and Territory in the Union, and of all shades of politics.

Every patron of the Times is presented, free of charge, with an Illustrated Year-book of valuable information for 1877, alone worth the price of the paper.

A SURE-SHOT, LONG-RANGE REVOLVER WITH SEVEN CHAMBERS,

Specially adapted for the pocket; loads without removing the cylinder, which revolves automatically when the hammer is raised. It is made of the best nickel-steel, nickel silver-plated, and has a long, accurate range.

The retail price of this Revolver is $5; but the publishers of the WEEKLY

EVENING SONG.

Look off, dear love, across the sallow sands,
And mark you meeting of the sun and sea—
How long they kiss in sight of all the lands;
All lovers are betrayed.
Now in the sea's red vintage melts the sun,
As Egypt's pearl dissolved in scarlet wine,
And Cleopatra night drinks all!—'tis done.
Love, lay thine hand in mine.
Come forth, sweet stars, and comfort heavenly heart;
Glimmer, ye waves, around else unlighted sands,
O, night! divorce our sun and sky apart—
Never our lips, our hands.

SIDNEY LANIER.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—According to the heading of the Press, Griffin is a one-i'd town.

—During the past week or two, Mr. E. L. Hoffman has had charge of the Darien Gazette. Grubb has been in Atlanta getting the legislature under way.

—Hansell, of the Thomasville Enterprise, gets mad every time a legislator votes in the negative.

—Ham, of the Wa renton Clipper, who is a long way from home, is in favor of free passes.

—Dr. J. J. Warling, of Savannah, alludes to John McLaughlin as a liar. It remains to be seen what pleasant retort the genial Paul Pry will make to this.

—Mr. Samuel B. Adams, of Savannah, is in the city.

—The Forsyth Advertiser denies that Henry Cabaniss is a member of the legislature. Well, so far as we are concerned, we accept the apology.

—An old negro man was found dead in Monroe county recently. A fit is supposed to have been the cause of his sudden death.

—When an Augusta man gets drunk he generally falls into the Augusta canal. It is a good remedy. He is either drowned or made sober.

—Omnibus horses in Columbus are so peculiarly constructed that they sometimes run away. There are many other curious things in Columbus.

—Watson, of the Macon Telegraph, has discovered that where a 'possum falls in love with a duck he embraces her around the neck with his tail. This is a fact that might well be utilized by those who write for the uncut publications.

—The Augusta Constitutionalist says: Amos Fox is the applicant for the position of inspector of oils and fertilizers for Fulton county. He is endorsed by all the prominent merchants, bankers and business men generally of the city, and we beg leave to add our humble endorsement also. Fox, as every one knows, is a splendid fellow, good business man, and will give satisfaction should Gov. Colquitt give him the place, of which there is at present every probability.

—Editors without passes now refuse to travel on the fast trains of the Central road. They say that the rate of speed is entirely too high, especially on the Atlanta division, which is full of sharp curves. Hanged if we'll have any outlet for commerce after awhile.

—The bal masque in Columbus was a little ahead of that in Atlanta. There were one hundred and fifty-two maskers in character on the floor.

—Gregg Wright, of the Augusta Chronicle, says he is going to join the Baptist church. We are glad to hear it. He has the ability to become an efficient member of any denomination.

—Mr. Thomas Redding, of Monroe county, is dead.

—Monroe wants a flourishing agricultural society.

—A horse thief was captured near Savannah recently. His complexion was brunette.

—A colored man was murdered by another negro in Jasper county on christmas day.

—Two negro house robbers were captured in Savannah recently.

—Mr. Wm. H. Bonner, of Gordon county, killed five pigs recently that weighed 1,168 pounds, net. The pigs were nine months old.

—A Columbus Frenchman is translating "Infelice" into French.

—Savannah News: The "cremation committee" of the Atlantic and Gulf railroad had another seance on Saturday afternoon, when they destroyed $8,100 of the railroad change bills, making $14,500 for the week, and a total of about $57,000 since the 1st of December. At this rate the money will soon be out of the market, and many people will then wish there had been no unnecessary excitement created about it. This money has been of very great service to our citizens, and serious inconvenience will be occasioned by its withdrawal from circulation, as it constituted almost entirely our small change.

Happy Influence of a Great Specific.

For the preservation of recovery of health and strength, the diet should be wholesome and nutritious. When it happens that the alimentary processes are disturbed by improper or half masticated food, the best remedy for the evil results of abusing the digestive organs is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a most agreeable, prompt and gentle remedy for dyspepsia, and for the bilious and evacuative irregularities which result from it. The liver and bowels, in common with the stomach, experience its beneficient influences. The refuse of the system is carried off through the natural outlet, a healthy tone and secretion of the bile is promoted, and a powerful impetus is given to assimilation, the consequence of its use. It healthfully stimulates the bladder and kidneys when they are inactive, and by its tonic and regulating action fortifies the system against malaria. jan15—d&wlw

Tarrah's Consumptive Cure.

Messrs. J. T. Tarrah and Company, Griffin, Ga.

GENTS—My sister, Mrs. Della Williams, has been confined to her bed from Lung disease for more than a year. After taking one bottle of your Consumptive Cure and Lung Balsam she has been able to ride horseback ten miles to Rutledge and take cars to Newnan, Ga., and now considers herself entirely cured after using the second bottle. Yours truly,

A. J. WILLIAMS.

Sold by all druggists and at wholesale by Hunt Rankin & Lamar.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of **mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses,** or some drain upon the system, is always cured by **HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28.** It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial or $5 00 per package of five vials and $2 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address **HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY,** 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

aug20—4eodAwly

MACON & BRUNSWICK RAILROAD

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

OFFICE MACON & BRUNSWICK R. R. MACON, GA., December 6, 1876.

BY virtue of authority given by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, in the act approved March 5, 1870, the undersigned offer for sale or lease the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, together with the franchise, equipment and other property which was sold on the First Tuesday in June, 1875, as the property of the Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company, and bought by the Governor of Georgia, in the name of the State. Also, such additional property as has since been acquired for said Railroad.

This road stretches from the city of Macon to the city of Brunswick, a distance of 198 miles with a branch from Cochran to Hawkinsville, about 10 miles.

Sealed bids are invited up to 12 o'clock m., January 25, 1877. Cash, bonds of the State of Georgia, or bonds of the Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company, endorsed in behalf of the State by authority of the act approved December 3, 1866, will be received.

Special information concerning the Road or its property will be furnished on application.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

E. A. FLEWELLEN,
W. A. ROGERS,
GEO. S. JONES,
Directors Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

dec10—d&wsiw

Assignee's Notice.

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Peyton W. Sale, jr., a Bankrupt.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed Assignee of Peyton W. Sale, jr., in the county of Lincoln, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

HENRY J. LANG,
Assignee.

ALLCOCK'S

Porous Plasters

ASK FOR ALLCOCK'S, and obtain them. None others possess their curative properties. Beware of worthless imitations.

B. BRANDRETH, Prop'r,
No. 4 Grand St., New York.

nov22—3&wlm, top, col, nr1, r m

Humphrey's Specifics.

THE MILD POWER

CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE AND EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money in averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific for the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Face-ache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 5 00
Any of These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co.,

Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
For Sale by all Druggists.

COLLIER & VENABLE,
THEO. SCHUMANN,
Agents for Atlanta.

nov22—4eodAwly-n-tmr—

NOTICE.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Williams, Langston & Crane, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.,
THOS. L. LANGSTON,
BENJ. E. CRANE.

Atlanta, Ga., January 3, 1877.

THE undersigned have this day formed a limited copartnership for the transaction of a General Commission and Wholesale Grocery business in the city of Atlanta, Ga., under the firm name of

LANGSTON & CRANE,

in which Thos. L. Langston and Benj. E. Crane, of Atlanta, Ga., are the general partners, and Geo W. Williams, of Charleston, S. is the special partner. Having contributed to the common stock the sum of fifty thousand dollars. Said partnership to terminate on the 31st day of December, 1879.

THOS. L. LANGSTON,
BENJ. E. CRANE,
General Partners.
GEO. W. WILLIAMS,
Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 3, 1877. Special Partner.

jan4—deodw

Administratrix Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door in the city of Gainesville, Hall county, on the first Tuesday in February next, within the lawful hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One tract situated in the forks of Brown's bridge road and Lawrenceville road, improved, and containing ten acres, more or less, formerly known as the Frost tract, and conveyed by G W Frost to Thos Alexander and B Y Sage.

Also, portions of fractions situated in the Chattahoochee ridge, in the 9th district of Hall county. Said numbers 106, 108, 103, 104 and 105, amounting to 316 acres, more or less, and more fully described in deed of Young J Harrington to Thos Alexander and B Y Sage. The said T J Harrington reserving the Gold and Diamond interest during his natural life.

Also, a cert in Head Right tract on Chattahoochee ridge, adjoining lands of Wm Head and others, and containing 150 acres, more or less.

The above tracts of land having been assigned to the estate of B Y Sage, deceased, on an application for par tition through the Superior Court of Hall county, as more fully appears in the return of the Courts Commissioners, May 16th, 1876.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MARINDA R. SAGE,
jan9—dlawtd Administratrix.

Notice in Bankruptcy

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Weatherby & Co, Wm A, & J. M. Weatherby—Bankrupts.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of Weatherby & Co.—Wm. A. and J. M. Weatherby—the estate of Clarke in said district, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition, by the United States Court for said District.

M N HARRIS,
nov25—d1aw3w Assignee.

Application for Charter.

State of Georgia, Fulton county.—To the Superior Court of said county.

THE Petition of Julius L. Brown, President, D M Bain, Vice-President, Charles Carrier as Secretary, E. A. Verner as Treasurer, S. A. Ryan as Librarian, W. H. Parkins, J. W. English, William Goodnow, King Wyly, Thomas W. Chandler, and Theodore Schuman, as Directors of the Beethoven Society, respectfully represent that they, together with such other persons as now are or may hereafter be associated with them, desire to organize said society and to incorporate the same under the laws of Georgia. They desire to be incorporated and made a body corporate and politic under the name and style of

"The Beethoven Society."

The objects and business of said Society will be to increase the musical knowledge of its members, and afford them a rational and improving recreation; and to foster and promote a correct musical taste in this community.

The Society will transact its business in the city of Atlanta.

They desire to appoint all such officers and committees as may be necessary from their members, and to have continuous succession for twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the end of said term, and the right to sue, and to have and use a common seal, and to make such a Constitution and By-Laws as they desire, and to change the same from time to time, so the same may not be in conflict with the laws of this State or of the United States, and to receive donations by gift or will, and to rent, lease, purchase, and hold such real or personal property as may be necessary to the purpose of the organization, and to dispose of the same at pleasure, and to do all such acts as are necessary for the legitimate execution of this purpose.

They do not desire to have any Capital Stock, but they desire their members to pay such dues each year as may be fixed by the Constitution and By-Laws from time to time. Said dues will be twenty dollars to be paid by each associate member on the first year, and said sum will be increased or diminished each year, in future, at pleasure. Said Society now has fifty associate members who will actually pay in twenty-five per cent. of their said dues within twenty days.

Petitioners pray that they may be incorporated as aforesaid with powers of renewal. That this petition may be recorded by the clerk of the Superior Court of said county, and that the same be published in The Atlanta Daily Constitution, a public gazette of said city of Atlanta, once a week for one month, and after the expiration of said time that said Court may pass an order declaring said application granted.

And your Petitioners will ever pray &c.

JULIUS L. BROWN,
Petitioners Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

JAMES D COLLINS,
dec20—d1aw6w C. S. C.

NOTICE.

State of Georgia, Fulton county. Present, the Honorable C. Peeples, J. S. C., A. C.

Washington Strozier vs. Victoria Strozier. } Libel for Divorce.

It appearing to the Court by the return of the sheriff, and the allegations of the bill in said case, that the defendant does not reside in this county, nor is it further appearing that she does not reside in this State, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered, that said defendant appear and answer at the next term of this Court, or that the case be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed. It is further ordered that this notice be published in The Atlanta Constitution, once a month for four months. Done in open Court.

E. A. ANGIER,
Att'y pro libel's.

A true extract from the minutes this 28th of November, 1876.

JAMES D. COLLINS, C. S. C.

dec3—dlam4m

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of George C. Davis—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of George C. Davis, of Greene county, Georgia, (P. O. Green-boro) in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of s'd district January 8th, 1877.

J. M. STOREY.
jan14—d&w3w Green sboro, Ga

otice in Bankruptcy

IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia:

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of Christopher C. Fyron and Stephen J. Fyron, and of said persons as copartners under the firm name of C. C. & S. J. Fyron, of Greene county, Ga., in said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon their own petition by the district court of said district. This December 5th, 1876.

J. H. M. PENNINGTON, Assignee.

dec18—d1aw3w

Mountain Scenery

and fine western mineral, limestone and free soils, are all on record. Come and see for yourself.

ALLCOCK'S

Porous Plasters

ASK FOR ALLCOCK'S, and obtain them. None others possess their curative properties. Beware of worthless imitations.

B. BRANDRETH, Prop'r,
No. 4 Grand St., New York.

nov22—3&wlm, top, col, nr1, r m

Humphrey's Specifics.

THE MILD POWER

CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE AND EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time and money in averting sickness and suffering. Each single specific for the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Face-ache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Ague,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 5 00
Any of These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co.,

Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
For Sale by all Druggists.

COLLIER & VENABLE,
THEO. SCHUMANN,
Agents for Atlanta.

nov22—4eodAwly-n-tmr—

NOTICE.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of Williams, Langston & Crane, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.,
THOS. L. LANGSTON,
BENJ. E. CRANE.

Atlanta, Ga., January 3, 1877.

THE undersigned have this day formed a limited copartnership for the transaction of a General Commission and Wholesale Grocery business in the city of Atlanta, Ga., under the firm name of

LANGSTON & CRANE,

in which Thos. L. Langston and Benj. E. Crane, of Atlanta, Ga., are the general partners, and Geo W. Williams, of Charleston, S. is the special partner. Having contributed to the common stock the sum of fifty thousand dollars. Said partnership to terminate on the 31st day of December, 1879.

THOS. L. LANGSTON,
BENJ. E. CRANE,
General Partners.
GEO. W. WILLIAMS,
Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 3, 1877. Special Partner.

jan4—deodw

Administratrix Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door in the city of Gainesville, Hall county, on the first Tuesday in February next, within the lawful hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

One tract situated in the forks of Brown's bridge road and Lawrenceville road, improved, and containing ten acres, more or less, formerly known as the Frost tract, and conveyed by G W Frost to Thos Alexander and B Y Sage.

Also, portions of fractions situated in the Chattahoochee ridge, in the 9th district of Hall county. Said numbers 106, 108, 103, 104 and 105, amounting to 316 acres, more or less, and more fully described in deed of Young J Harrington to Thos Alexander and B Y Sage. The said T J Harrington reserving the Gold and Diamond interest during his natural life.

Also, a cert in Head Right tract on Chattahoochee ridge, adjoining lands of Wm Head and others, and containing 150 acres, more or less.

The above tracts of land having been assigned to the estate of B Y Sage, deceased, on an application for par tition through the Superior Court of Hall county, as more fully appears in the return of the Courts Commissioners, May 16th, 1876.

Terms made known on day of sale.

MARINDA R. SAGE,
jan9—dlawtd Administratrix.

Notice in Bankruptcy

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of Weatherby & Co, Wm A, & J. M. Weatherby—Bankrupts.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed assignee of the estate of Weatherby & Co.—Wm. A. and J. M. Weatherby—the estate of Clarke in said district, who have been adjudged Bankrupts upon their own petition, by the United States Court for said District.

M N HARRIS,
nov25—d1aw3w Assignee.

Application for Charter.

State of Georgia, Fulton county.—To the Superior Court of said county.

THE Petition of Julius L. Brown, President, D M Bain, Vice-President, Charles Carrier as Secretary, E. A. Verner as Treasurer, S. A. Ryan as Librarian, W. H. Parkins, J. W. English, William Goodnow, King Wyly, Thomas W. Chandler, and Theodore Schuman, as Directors of the Beethoven Society, respectfully represent that they, together with such other persons as now are or may hereafter be associated with them, desire to organize said society and to incorporate the same under the laws of Georgia. They desire to be incorporated and made a body corporate and politic under the name and style of

"The Beethoven Society."

The objects and business of said Society will be to increase the musical knowledge of its members, and afford them a rational and improving recreation; and to foster and promote a correct musical taste in this community.

The Society will transact its business in the city of Atlanta.

They desire to appoint all such officers and committees as may be necessary from their members, and to have continuous succession for twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the end of said term, and the right to sue, and to have and use a common seal, and to make such a Constitution and By-Laws as they desire, and to change the same from time to time, so the same may not be in conflict with the laws of this State or of the United States, and to receive donations by gift or will, and to rent, lease, purchase, and hold such real or personal property as may be necessary to the purpose of the organization, and to dispose of the same at pleasure, and to do all such acts as are necessary for the legitimate execution of this purpose.

They do not desire to have any Capital Stock, but they desire their members to pay such dues each year as may be fixed by the Constitution and By-Laws from time to time. Said dues will be twenty dollars to be paid by each associate member on the first year, and said sum will be increased or diminished each year, in future, at pleasure. Said Society now has fifty associate members who will actually pay in twenty-five per cent. of their said dues within twenty days.

Petitioners pray that they may be incorporated as aforesaid with powers of renewal. That this petition may be recorded by the clerk of the Superior Court of said county, and that the same be published in The Atlanta Daily Constitution, a public gazette of said city of Atlanta, once a week for one month, and after the expiration of said time that said Court may pass an order declaring said application granted.

And your Petitioners will ever pray &c.

JULIUS L. BROWN,
Petitioners Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.

JAMES D COLLINS,
dec20—d1aw6w C. S. C.

NOTICE.

State of Georgia, Fulton county. Present, the Honorable C. Peeples, J. S. C., A. C.

Washington Strozier vs. Victoria Strozier. } Libel for Divorce.

It appearing to the Court by the return of the sheriff, and the allegations of the bill in said case, that the defendant does not reside in this county, nor is it further appearing that she does not reside in this State, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered, that said defendant appear and answer at the next term of this Court, or that the case be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed. It is further ordered that this notice be published in The Atlanta Constitution, once a month for four months. Done in open Court.

E. A. ANGIER,
Att'y pro libel's.

A true extract from the minutes this 28th of November, 1876.

JAMES D. COLLINS, C. S. C.

dec3—dlam4m

Notice in Bankruptcy.

IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia—In the matter of George C. Davis—In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of George C. Davis, of Greene county, Georgia, (P. O. Green-boro) in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of s'd district January 8th, 1877.

J. M. STOREY.
jan14—d&w3w Green sboro, Ga

otice in Bankruptcy

IN the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia:

This is to give notice once a week for three weeks that I have been appointed Assignee of Christopher C. Fyron and Stephen J. Fyron, and of said persons as copartners under the firm name of C. C. & S. J. Fyron, of Greene county, Ga., in said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts, upon their own petition by the district court of said district. This December 5th, 1876.

J. H. M. PENNINGTON, Assignee.

dec18—d1aw3w

Mountain Scenery

and fine western mineral, limestone and free soils, are all on record. Come and see for yourself.

Railroads.

Georgia Railroad Schedule.

Day Train.

Leaves Atlanta	9 35 a m
Arrives Augusta	5 35 p m
Leaves Augusta	9 00 a m
Arrives Atlanta	4 30 p m

Night Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 30 p m
Arrives Augusta	7 35 a m
Leaves Augusta	8 20 p m
Arrives Atlanta	6 00 a m

Athens Branch.

Day Train.

Leave Athens	9 00 a m
Arrive Union Point	11 26 a m
Leave Union Point	1 50 p m
Arrive Athens	4 25 p m

Night Train.

Leave Athens	9 30 p m
Arrive Union Point	12 35 a m
Leave Union Point	3 45 a m
Arrive Athens	6 50 a m

Washington Branch.

Day Train Only—Sundays excepted.

Leave Washington	9 00 a m
Arrive Bar. ett	9 30 a m
Leave Barnett	2 45 p m
Arrive Washington	4 15 p m

Covington Accommodation—Sundays excepted

Leave Atlanta	5 00 p m
Arrive Covington	7 10 p m
Leave Covington	5 35 a m
Arrive Atlanta	7 50 a m

Western & Atlantic Railroad Co.

In effect December 17th, 1876

No. 1—Daily.

Leave Atlanta	4:20 p m
Leave Cartersville	6:43 p m
Leave Kingston	7:11 p m
Arrive at Dalton	8:48 p m
Arrive at Chattanooga	10:20 p m

No. 3—Daily.

Leave Atlanta	7:00 a m
Leave Cartersville	9:00 a m
Leave Kingston	9:38 a m
Arrive at Dalton	11:07 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	12:45 p m

No. 2—Daily,

Leave Chattanooga	4:20p m
Leave Dalton	6:07 p m
Arrive Kingston	7:41 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7:41 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10:16 p m

No. 4—Daily.

Leave Chattanooga	8:00 a m
Leave Dalton	11:45 a m
Arrive Kingston	6:26 a m
Arrive Cartersville	6:59 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9:35 a m

No. 13—Daily except Saturday.

Arrive Chattanooga	10:20 pm
Leave Dalton	12:30 am
Leave Kingston	4:19 am
Leave Cartersville	5:07 am
Arrive Atlanta	9:40 am

Atlanta and West Point Railroad

TIME TABLES.

To take effect Sunday, Dec'ber 10, 1876, 10.56 a m

No. 1 Noon Mail and Pass'ger Train—Out

STATIONS.	ARRIVE	LEAVE
Atlanta		11:00 a m
West Point	3:08	

No. 3 Evening Mail and Pass. Train—In

West Point	12:10 p m
Atlanta	4:03

No. 3 Mixed Freight and Pass. Train—Out

Atlanta	4:30 p m
West Point	11:30

No 4 Mixed Freight and Pass. Train—In

West Point	2:00 a m
Atlanta	8:50

No. 5. Day Freight Train—Outward.

Atlanta	7:00 a m
West Point	3:25

No. 6. Day Freight Train—Inward.

West Point	8:00 a m
Atlanta	3:30

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent

Atlanta & Richmond AIR-LINE RAILWAY.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE

COMMENCING

Sunday, October 8th, 1876

Only One Change between Atlanta and New York.

LEAVE ATLANTA

4:55 p. m. Daily—Through Express Passenger.
7:30 a. m. Daily (except Sunday)—Freight and Accommodation.

ARRIVE ATLANTA:

10:15 a. m. Daily—Through Express Passenger
7:10 p. m. Daily (except Sunday)—Freight and Accommodation.

Express Passenger Trains going East make close connections at Danville for Lynchburg, Washington, and all Eastern Cities, and at Richmond for Washington and all Eastern cities, arriving at all points East, by either line.

Ten Hours in Advance

of trains leaving Atlanta, in the evening, by any other line.

Express Passenger Trains West make connections at Richmond and Danville with trains leaving New York at 6:05 p. m., arriving in Atlanta

Nine Hours in Advance

of any other line.

Entire Trains, including SLEEPERS and PARLOR CARS, will run through to Richmond without change. Day Coach and Sleeping Car between Richmond and New York without change. Passengers holding through ticket be entitled to privilege of Parlor cars without extra charge.

JOHN B. PECK,
oct10—dtf Superintendent.

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., December 1, 1876.

ON and after Sunday, December 3, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	9 20 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	6 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 35 p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	10 45 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	4 15 p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula accom. train	9:00 p m
Arrives at Albany	5:30 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	8:30 a m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	8 00 a m
Arrives at Columbus	3 37 a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic, and Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line for all points North and West.

Eufaula train leaves Macon daily, except Saturday, as above, making connection for Albany Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights.

Columbus accommodation leaves Macon for Columbus daily except Sunday.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	12 45 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 10 p m
Leaves Macon	7 00 a m
Leaves Augusta	9 30 a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45 p m
Arrives at Savannah	6 25 p m
Arrives at Eufaula, accom. train	5 58 p m
Leaves Albany	9 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 20 a m
Leaves Columbus	9 31 p m
Arrives at Macon	4 50 a m

If Eufaula Accommodation train leaves Eufaula daily, except Sunday and Albany Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday nights

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	6 00 p m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44 a m
Arrives at Eatonton	8 58 a m
Arrives at Macon	1 30 a m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	3 05 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 50 a m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	8 00 a m
Arrives at Albany	2 05 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	3 40 p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	3 30 p m
Arrives at Columbus	1 30 p m

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic, and Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line. At Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroad; at Columbus with Western Railroad of Alabama and Mobile and Girard Railroad.

Train for Albany runs out on Blakely Extension daily, except Sunday.

LOS SOLIS AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	10 45 p m
Arriv s at Macon from Atlanta	3 15 a m
Leaves Albany	3:30 p m
Leaves Eu'aula	12 30 p m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	7 50 p m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	7 05 p m
Leaves Macon	3 45 a m
Arrives at Savannah	11 45 a m

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No 2 from Savannah and train No 4 from Macon. The Milledgeville and Eatonton train runs daily, except Mondays.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah,
W. J. RAOUL,
Supt. Southwestern Railroad, Macon,
Washington special, 204.
St. Louis Times.

SCHEDULE

North Eastern Railroad.

ON and after Monday, November 6, 1876, trains on this road will run as follow s:

Leave Athens	4:45 a m
Arrive at Lula	8:45 a m
Leave Athens	5:00 p m
Arrive at Lula	7:30 p m
Leave Lula	7:30 p m
Arrive at Athens	10:00 a m
Leave Lula	6:00 p m
Arrive at Athens	8:30 p m

Close connection both ways with trains on the Air-Line Railroad.

J. F. EDWARDS,

Stockholders' Annual Meeting.

THE Stockholders of the Chattahoochee Rock Coal Company of Georgia, are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the Company will be held at the office of the President, in Atlanta, on the third Wednesday in January next, or eleven days thereafter.

JULIUS L. BROWN,
President.

Fulton Sheriff Sales for February, 1877.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February, 1877, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

City lots and tracts of land lying and being in the county of Fulton and state of Georgia, to-wit: A city lot known as block No. 15 of original land lot No. 46, surrounded by Irwin, Jackson, Old Wheat and Rolling Mill streets, containing ten acres, more or less, except seventy feet on the corner of Irwin and Rolling Mill streets, being the northeast corner, on which the St. John's Methodist church is situated; also, a city lot known as the east half of block No 11, of original land lot No. 46, surrounded by Irwin and Jackson streets, and Old Wheat street and Dentler's lot, except 75 feet by 90 feet, before sold

Constitution

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
H. M. NEAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar29-tf

Supreme Court Decisions.
The Decisions for the July Term, 1876, are now ready. To regular subscribers the pamphlet will be furnished at $1 00 per copy; and $1 00 to those who are not. jan14-dtf

The People Want Proof.
There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, & sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced into this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by all Druggists.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
oct7—dsod&weowly Wholesale Agents.

White Pine Sashes, Doors, Blinds, Mantels, Mouldings, etc., at the lowest prices and of the best quality. All orders will have our prompt attention.
JENNINGS & ASHLEY,
21 and 33 Broad street, near Bridge.
JENNINGS & Co.,
sep16—d3mo-n-4-l 33 Decatur street.

New Advertisements.

Plenty of lump Alabama coal—Scipio & Sons.
Wants to rent room or rooms—Wanted.
Georgia state grange fertilizers—J H Ketner.
Statement of Atlanta National Bank.
Funeral notice of Mrs. Susan Freisleben.
Catarrh snuff—Dr J H McLean.
The genuine Turkish bath—Dr Wilson.
A great bargain—P O box 305.
Obituary of Mr Algernon Sidney Trimble.
Inaugural ball—G H & A W Force.
Dr Bull's cough syrup.
Wanted to borrow $5,000—Manufacturer.
$600 wanted on good security—A B.
Traveling agents wanted—Dr J H Morey.
Law library for sale—Box 229.
Anderson county coal creek coal at 30 cents.

Pictorial History of Atlanta.
An illustrated history of Atlanta, elegantly bound, is now in preparation. An accurate sketch of Atlanta and its growth, with numerous engravings of public edifices, business houses, residences and interesting views, will be presented. A subscription from every citizen is respectfully solicited. jan19—dtf

Furniture Factory No. 2.
We are now receiving at our warerooms, 72 Whitehall street, 150 dozen chairs, cane seats; 40 dozen rockers, cane seats, and we will receive in the next twenty days 40 dress case suits, all grades; also, all kinds bed-room furniture.
Call before you buy.
JAMES L. WATKINS,
Jan 14—tf Agent for Georgia,

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY.

City Officials on the War Path.
The fact that the drawings of the Georgia State lottery have regularly gone on since the 1st of January, just as before, has caused considerable comment in this city, and considerable inquiry as to what right the managers had to proceed with their drawings twice a day after the legislature had passed an act that the great lottery wheel should forever stand still after the 1st of January, 1877.
Last Monday night the general council passed a resolution declaring this proceeding illegal and expressing a determination to repress it. Accordingly, yesterday morning Captain Anderson proceeded to the headquarters of the lottery and informed the managers of the order of council, and requested them to desist from any further transactions in their usual line. They refused to say whether or not they would obey this mandate, whereupon Captain Anderson informed them that he should present them to the grand jury of the county as violators of a state law.
The two drawings were had as usual yesterday, and there seemed to be a full sale of tickets. Capt. Anderson will probably take some definite action to-day in pursuance of his conceptions of duty. What the defence of the managers will be is not yet known, but it is to be presumed that they are acting under a supposed right. The matter is now in a condition where it must be fully elucidated, and there is apt to be a lively fight between the city officials and the managers to-day.

STREET CAR STATISTICS.

What the Lines Cost, and how They are Paying.

The president's report of the condition of the Atlanta street railroad company, submitted to the stockholders on the 16th of January 1877

Real estate...	$28 548 74	Cap. stock....	$164 400 00
Construction..	97 983 38	Stock.....	2 528 57
Equipment ...	40 446 59	Profit & loss.	306 35
Cash.....	206 35		
	$167,134 91		$167,134 92

The foregoing statement shows the present condition of the company. Our real estate cost $28,548 74; the construction of 11 miles of road $97,983 38, and the equipment cost $40,446 45, amounting in all to $166,928 57. The company has issued stock certificates for 1 644 shares, at $ 00 per share; the remaining $2,528 57 was paid out of the net earnings of the road. On the 1st of Jan. the treasurer had in his hands $6,782 35 net earnings for the 6 months ending December 31st, 1876, which enabled the directors to declare a dividend of $4 per share for that period; equal to 8 per cent per annum on our investment.
The following statement shows the gross income from the road, from the commencement, to January 1st, 1877, and the manner in which it has been disposed of:

Operating ex..	$179,188 78	Gross in.....	$235,583 95
Dividends....	53,610 25		
Extraordinary	2,528 57		
Cash on hand	206 35		
	$235 583 95		$235 583 95

The whole income amounts to $235,583 95; our expenses for the same time being $179,188 78 leaving a clear profit of $56,345 17. Of this amount the stockholders have received in dividends $53,610 25; $2,528 57 have been expended in construction, and we have a balance of $206 35 in the hands of the treasurer
The cars commenced running on each line as soon as it was finished and our net profits, dated from the completion of each line, have averaged at least 10 per cent per annum.
It is gratifying to know that notwithstanding the general depression in almost every department of business, especially in southern street railways, we found ourselves at the end of the year in condition to declare a four per cent semi-annual dividend from the actual net earnings of the road. Our gross income has been less than for the same period in past years; because the stringency of the times compelled our people to practice much greater economy than heretofore; and the same cause has induced us to make retrenchments, wherever it was consistent with the interests of the company. Salaries have been reduced, and the wages paid the laborers are not more than sufficient to supply them with the necessaries of life. So that while our income is much less, our current expenses have been reduced in no less proportion; and but for extraordinary expenses, such as damages for injuries on the road, lawyer fees, etc., our dividend for the past six months would have been at least five per cent. But these claims are all liquidated now, and the lessons which experience has taught us, will enable us, we hope, to avoid these enormous contingent expenses in future.
Our company does not owe a dollar; the railway, stock and stables are in good condition, and from actual experience, we think we can, when it becomes necessary, repair and place new timbers on the track, and keep it in perfect order for not exceeding $,000 per annum. The five years run has made no perceptible wear on the iron. We have endeavored to make the system adequate to the requirements of the city, by furnishing cheap and comfortable traveling facilities to the people, in every direction, and they begin to appreciate it as a great public convenience.
After the restoration of political quiet, we confidently look forward to a general revival in business, resulting in a great increase of our income, without materially affecting our current expenses. R. PETERS, President.

Atlanta Benevolent Home.
The following standing committees were appointed at the last meeting of this useful institution:
ON FINANCE—Mrs James Jackson, Mrs G W D Cook, Mrs W C Morrill, Mrs R J Godfrey, Mrs W B Lowe, Mrs A B Sharpe, Mrs O C Carroll.
ON SUPPLIES—Mrs S J Hine, Mrs Geo Sharpe, Mrs C Peoples, Mrs Paul Jones, Mrs J S Oliver, Mrs George Boynton, Mrs J M Alexander.
ON ADMISSIONS—Miss Nellie Peters, Mrs B A Pratte, Mrs J A Bowie, Mrs L M Rigdon, Mrs W A Rawson, Mrs John H James, Mrs B F Maddox, Mrs E Y Hill, Mrs J H Flynn, Miss Jennie Wallace, Miss Mary Dunwoody.
Major Campbell Wallace is president of this society; Mrs W H Tuller, vice-president, and Mrs S Walton, secretary.

For Sale
Fine Law Library, 150 volumes, consisting of U. S. Digest—latest ... Jan17—d3t

TURKISH, RUSSIAN, VAPOR AND ELECTRIC BATHS.
At the National Surgical Institute, for 50 cents each; 12 Baths for $5 00.
Ladies in the morning and gentlemen in the evening. jan14-deandwed,tfdchly

AHEAD OF EXPENSES.

THE FLATTERING SUCCESS OF OUR WATER WORKS SYSTEM.

A Net Surplus of $4,500 at the End of the First Year. The Outlook for the Next Year.

Some little surprise was created at the publication of the fact that only a trifle above $5,000 had been collected by the water works superintendent for the past year.
THIS IS EXPLAINABLE
in the following way:
For the first six months the receipts were almost nothing. They grew rapidly for the past six months, but much of it did not fall due until the present year. The proper way of finding out what the works have done is to take the books and see what the income for the present year will be, provided there is no increase, from the present status.
The books to-day show that the income, as it stands at present,
WILL BE $ 3,500.
The chances are that this rate will be increased to $18,000 before the year is ended, as there are several large consumers, and of course many small ones, that will commence "taking water." The cotton factory alone will increase the income several hundred dollars. The water is exceedingly popular, and its usefulness and convenience are so apparent that it will not be long before it will have 2,000 consumers. The total number of consumers at present is 642.
BUT A CLEAR PROFIT
is shown even at the present condition of affairs. The income of the year as already assured, is $12,500. The total expenses are $8,000. This leaves a surplus sinking fund of $4,500 per annum. The city council will be relieved of the payment of at least $6,000 this year, on the water works bonds, that it had to pay last year, and will furnish another reason why the present city charter should not be changed.
It will require 2,000 consumers at $20 each to pay the expenses of the works, and the interest on the bonds. The superintendent is quite hopeful of getting this number in a year or two.
THE PIPE EXTENSIONS
of the past year amounted to over seven miles. Very little more will be needed to supply the whole city. We have little doubt that the consumers will be doubled during the present year.
We have not included in the above estimate of surplus the amount saved in the matter of insurance. It is said that the saving in insurance is at least $40 000
Altogether Atlanta has room to congratulate herself on the success of her system of water works, and on the efficient management under which they have fallen.

The Benevolent Home.
The following is a list of the donations sent to the Home during the past quarter, beginning October 1st, 1876, ending January 1st, 1877:
Mrs W C Morrill, one sack flour.
Mrs Abbott Morrill, milk.
Mrs Dr Thompson, fifty pounds flour.
Mr Sawtell, meat ten times.
Thanksgiving offering, St. Phillips church, eggs, cake, fruit and vegetables.
Mr Stokes, apples.
Mr Seals, meat five times.
Mr Geurin, meat six times.
Mrs Knight, beef and eggs.
Mrs Goodnow, kit mackerel, delicacies for sick, crockery, etc.
Mr D F Hammond, potatoes.
Mrs Hedges, Mrs James Clarke, Mrs J C Davis, Mrs Wm A Rawson, Mrs Fulton, Mrs D A Spencer, each package of clothing.
Mr Sterchi, lot of clothing and vegetables.
Mr Kries, meat six times.
Mr Carlton, fruit, two fish, vegetables, eight times.
Mr Fuller, vegetables, half bushel onions.
Mrs Erskine, butter milk.
Mrs Richard Peters, fifteen yards toweling, half bushel sweet potatoes, biscuits, dessert for Thanksgiving dinner, and rice.
A friend, fruit.
Mrs J C Kimball, ten pounds pork.
Mrs Maddox, bread and cake.
Mr Hagan, bushel sweet potatoes.
Mr Darwin Jones, vinegar.
Mr A M Lewis, barrel potatoes, twenty-five pounds prunes, fifteen pounds dried pears, thirty pounds dried cherries, two dozen cans assorted fruits and vegetables.
Mr. I N Hart, potatoes.
Mr Agricola 12 loaves of bread.
Chief of Police, 6 sacks flour, 2 bed quilt and clothing.
Mrs J Gadsden King peck apples.
Mr Wm A Rawson, 91 pounds beef.
Mrs Lewis Clarke, 2 quilts and one spread.
Masonic entertainment, meat, bread, fowl and ham.
Mr W B Cox, one load of wood and bushel sweet potatoes.
First Presbyterian supper, cold foul, bread, crackers, ham, salt, pepper, coffee and milk.
Mr J W Hooper, 9 birds.
During the recent severe weather two or three warm hearted citizens contributed to the comfort of the poor by disbursing, through some members of the Home Committee, fuel and money. One gentleman furnished an order for two hundred bushels coal and fifty dollars worth wood. A friend gave $5, and Jonathan Norcross, Esq, gave $5. For all of which the committee desire to return thanks.
Respectfully submitted by
HOME COMMITTEE.
January 15th, 1877.

THE COURTS.

The Supreme Court.
ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 16, 1877.
BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT.
No. 5. Argument concluded.
No. 6 Lovelady vs Hockenhull. Motion, from Pickens. Argued
W T Day; W H Simmons; Thos F Green, for plaintiffs in error.
H L Patterson, contra.
No. 7. Continued.
WESTERN CIRCUIT.
No. 1 Continued.
No. 2. Murray vs Phinizy & Co. Complaint, from Oconee. Argued
Emory Speer, for plaintiff in error.
Pope Barrow: Leonard Phinizy; A S Erwin, contra.
No. 3. Ozmint vs Daniels' Certiorari, from Jackson. Argued.
Pope Barrow; S P Thurmond, for plaintiff in error.
Emory Speer, contra.
No. 4. Dicken vs Thrasher. Homestead, from Oconee. Argued.
Cobb, Erwin & Cobb; J R Lyle, for plaintiff in error.
Pope Barrow; S P Thurmond, contra.
No. 5. McClure vs Williams. Equity, from White. Argued.
J F Langston; C H Sutton, for plaintiff in error.
Weir Boyd; G M Netherland; A F Underwood, contra.
Pending the argument of Mr. Langston, the court adjourned until 10 o'clock a m to-morrow.

Fulton Superior Court.
JUDGE C. PEEPLES PRESIDING.
This court met yesterday at 9 a. m., but no business was transacted, save the issuing of one or two orders.
The following is a full list of all the cases to be tried during the present week, and the days for which they are put on the calendar:
FOR WEDNESDAY, 17TH.
J. C. Francis and G. T. Dodd, assignees, vs. C. C Hammock and Mrs. Hammock.
R. Hanson & Co. vs J. H Anderson & Co.
George S. Lowndes vs J. G. Reynolds.
John A. Doane for use of J A. Hayden vs F. M. Coker, president; W. W. Bell, cashier.
FOR THURSDAY, 18TH.
J. M. C. Reed vs Ann Eliza Brumly.
J. H. Gavin vs. W. P. Chisholm.
Mrs. U. Scooper vs. S. V. Salter.
Robert Dougherty vs. Reuben Ardold.
FOR FRIDAY, 19TH.
Ira Smith vs. Nicholas Bacon.
W. R. Phillips, Jr., assignee, vs. Virginia Home Insurance company.
W. R Phillips, Jr., assignee, vs. Old Dominion Insurance company.
FOR TUESDAY, 23D.
J. L. Peers vs. J. G. W. Mills.

City Court.
JUDGE R. H. CLARKE PRESIDING.
Court met at the usual hour yesterday, and the following business was transacted:
J. F. Jones vs. Fechter, Kreis & Co. Suit dismissed for want of prosecution.
John G. Westmoreland vs. T. J. Mackey and Mrs. Mackey. Verdict for defendant.
Tommey, Stewart & Beck vs. Bowen & Sanders. Judgment by default for $1,091 40.
J. Nelson Tappan vs. Atlanta Improvement company. Judgment by default.
Court then adjourned.

J. P. STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER,
DEALER IN
DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY, 28
WHITEHALL STREET, UP-STAIRS.
jan4—dim,3d,c

CASTLEBERRY & Co., ARE THE ONLY furniture manufacturers in Georgia. 800,000 worth now in store. 44 Whitehall street. Hotels and boarding houses furnished *at low rates* and remember we have our customers freight and commission. dec31-tf 3ord col.

THE GENUINE TURKISH BATH.
Bath rooms 100 feet long, divided into 8 rooms of *different temperature*; 14,000 cubic feet of *pure, dry, warm air*. Such is the bath given by Dr. Wilson, opposite Markham House. Ladies and gentlemen every day at all, and the same hours, in *separate rooms*. Water baths 25 cents; Turkish-Shampoo baths, *in warm rooms*, 50 cents; Roman baths, 50 cents.
jan17—d1m,tsce,fp

INCENDIARISM.

The Work of the Torch in the City—An Ominous Warning—Look Out for Fires.

Alarms of fire have been of late far more frequent than usual, and attending all the recent conflagrations there have been some most suspicious circumstances. During last week there were several alarms, some of which were false, while others were so speedy as to prevent any great damage.
These frequent alarms being of usual occurrence in our city, created some surprise among the firemen, as well as general comment among the citizens.
One day last week the following
OMINOUS WARNING
was received by Mr. John H. Seals, editor of the Sunny South: "Editors Sunny South—Look out for fires every night, especially at 11 o'clock Saturday night, and then every other night. Do all you can to save the city of Atlanta until danger is past. FRIENDS."
This singular note was at first lightly treated, but when the alarm of fire was sounded about 11 o'clock Saturday night, the gentleman to whom it was directed spoke of the singular coincidence to some friends. According to the warning, the danger was to be apprehended principally on alternate nights. Monday night there were
TWO ALARMS.
One was sounded about half-past ten o'clock, but upon investigation, proved to be false, having been caused by the smoking of some meat on Peachtree street. The quiet of the city was fully restored, when at the still hour of half-past two in the morning, the alarm was again sounded. Many of the firemen supposed it to be another false alarm, and were slow in answering it. The engines were consideably delayed in reaching the spot, on account of the various directions given them, but the fire was at last located at the millinery establishment of Mrs A. O. Speigle, at No. 60 Whitehall street. By the time the water was turned on from the plugs and engines, the flames had made their way nearly through the entire store. After some difficulty the fire was extinguished, but the stock was
COMPLETELY RUINED
by the fire, smoke and water.
The origin of the conflagration was in the extreme back part of the store, which circumstance strengthens the suspicion of its incendiary origin. The total amount of loss is not yet known, but it is fully covered by insurance. The following amounts were held by policies in the companies named:

Amazon.....	$1,000
Faneuil Hall.....	1,000
Atlantic.....	3,000
Imperial and Northern.....	750
Total.....	$ 750

Very little damage was done to the building, and neither of the stores immediately adjoining were damaged. The insurance companies interested will at once through their adjustors estimate the loss and arrange for a settlement.
ANOTHER ALARM.
There was still another alarm before daybreak, but it was very brief and did not reach the engine houses.
These frequent alarms of fire in our usually quiet city teach two
IMPORTANT LESSONS.
First, that so many alarms cannot reasonably be supposed to be the result of accident, and that the police would do well to be on the look out for incendiaries and suspicious characters in general. The ominous warning above referred to may mean more than the incendiary supposes.
Secondly, that our city stands in great need of a telegraphic fire alarm system. This necessity has frequently been urged, and is felt by all who have any knowledge of the difficulty our firemen experience in ascertaining the locality of a fire. In the bustle of false alarms it would be also very valuable, as it would prevent a futile search of half an hour, firing up of engines and a general excitement. In nearly every city of the union which is equal to Atlanta in size and progressiveness the telegraphic alarm system has already been adopted, and it must be adopted here sooner or later, if the city continues to progress and grow.
The cost of a thorough outfit for a telegraphic alarm would not be great and it might save the city enough in six months to compensate for the outlay. This is one of the subjects of local improvement which will probably soon receive the careful attention of the general council. In the meantime we may look out to see if the ominous warning will be verified further. To night is the time appointed for the next attempt of the supposed incendiaries. If there are alarms again it will really seem as if there is a sort of mysterious mischief at work in the city.

Amount of Business Transacted at the Atlanta P. O. from Jan. 1, 1876, to Dec. 31, 1876, Inclusive.

Cash on hand Jan. 1, 1876.	$2,324 06
Letter postage collected.....	166 80
Waste paper sold.....	44 81
Box rent.....	1,141 00
Stamps, stamped envelopes and postal cards sold.....	37,387 19
Deposits and drafts collected.....	7,339 63
7 684 money orders issued.....	108 553 94
Fees received for same.....	1,003 05
Deposits received from second-class offices.....	447,350 05
Balance due postmaster Dec. 31, '76	511 52
	$605,822 24
Postmaster's salary, clerk hire, etc.	$14,315 43
Drafts paid to contractors, etc.....	14,298 89
Amount paid postal clerks and route agents.....	15,267 98
Amount paid letter-carriers.....	4,516 97
21,869 money orders paid.....	351,903 65
" " repaid.....	750 90
" " expenses.....	1,076 68
Arrears in weekly statements reported by Auditor.....	1,74
Remitted to postmaster at N. Y.,.	198,700 00
	$605,822 24

THE LETTER CARRIERS.

From July 1st, 1876 to January 1st, 1877:	
Carriers employed.....	6
Delivery trips daily.....	3 & 4
Collection trips daily.....	3 & 4
Registered letters delivered.....	9,584
Mail letters delivered.....	706,091
Mail postal cards delivered:.....	124,436
Local letters delivered.....	40,712
Newspapers, etc., delivered.....	51,229
Letters returned to the office.....	
Letters collected.....	494,655
Postal cards collected.....	142,818
Newspapers, etc, collected.....	40,190
Total postage on matter put in the office for local delivery either by carrier or the office.....	$1,258 75
Total expenses.....	$4,521 44

Registry business for the year ending Dec 31, 1876:

Number of letters registered.....	3,958
Number of registered letters received.....	16,542
Number registered packages received and sent out in transit.....	11,534
Estimated number of letters and postal cards mailed at the office.....	1,912,419
Errors made in the distribution by mailing clerk, as per reports of superintendent railway mail service.....	59

Two New Eyelids Made from the Skin of the Nose.
This most interesting operation was successfully performed a few weeks ago in the Maryland Eye and Ear Infirmary upon the left eye of a Mrs. Weber, of Baltimore, by Dr. Geo. Reuling, the Surgeon in charge.
Mrs. Weber's both eyelids had been destroyed by a *Rodent Ulcer*, and the eye constantly exposed to atmospheric influences was in great danger of being destroyed.
The operation consisted in the total removal of the Ulcer up to the margin of healthy tissue, and the transferring of the skin of the nose to the defect thus constituted. The result is highly satisfactory, in as much as the lady has two healthy and almost normally shaped eyelids which serve as a perfect protection and, moreover, greatly improve her appearance.

State Board of Health.
There will be an important meeting of the state board of health at the Capitol at 8 o'clock this evening, (probably in the senate chamber,) at which time Dr. J. P. Logan, chairman of the committee, will read an important and interesting report of the investigations of the board into the causes and results of the recent yellow fever epidemic in Savannah and Brunswick. Persons interested in the subject of public health should attend this important meeting. The members of the legislature will find it to their interest to be present and examine into the work of the board.

Hon B H. Hill.
It was currently rumored on the streets and in the hotels last evening that Hon. B. H. Hill would be in the city on Friday next, and would address the people on the evening of that day. The rumor was traced to no particular source, but was very generally discussed.

A Standard Fertiliser.
We call attention to the advertisement of E. Frank Coe's ammoniated bone superphosphate. It is a standard fertiliser of sterling merit and reliableness. On time sales it is offered at 15 cents per pound for middling cotton. Purse & Thomas, of Savannah, are general agents, and William Love's agent in this city.

GOOD TEMPLARISM.

MEETING OF FULTON COUNTY LODGE, I. O. G. T.

Interesting Meeting of Georgia Lodge.

Fulton county lodge of Good Templars met yesterday in Good Templar's hall. There was a fine attendance, and the meeting was harmonious. The following officers were elected:
W. N. Judson, County Chief Templar.
Miss Lizzie Walker, County Vice Templar.
Miss Katie O'Donnelly, County Secretary.
R. A. Varnadoe, County Assistant Secretary
C. W Wilson, County Financial Secretary.
G. H. Culberson, County Treasurer.
W. H. White, County Marshal.
Miss Ophelia Baldwin, County Dep. Marshal.
Miss Jennie Carroll, County Inside Guards.
W. Bell, County Outside Guard.
J. O. Perkins, County R. H. S.
L C. Perkins, County L. H. S.
A. A. Manning, P. C. T.-C.
The new constitution was adopted.
Hapeville was selected as the next place of meeting oh the second Wednesday in April.
Last night there was a large turn out at the meeting of Georgia lodge Rev D W Gwin made a few stirring remarks, which electrified the audience and infused more enthusiasm into the strongest advocates of the cause.
Remarks were made by Rev J P Reeves, J G Thrower, R A Varnadoe and others.
It was resolved to have a public meeting at Georgia lodge on next Tuesday night. The secretary was instructed to officially invite, through the speaker of the house and the president of the senate, the members of the general assembly to the meeting.
Rev. D. W. Gwin was invited to address the meeting, and accepted the invitation. Temperance men of all organizations in the city, and the ladies especially, are invited to be present. Members of the legislature are invited to attend with all their wives.
A committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements for a public temperance mass meeting in the hall of the house of representatives at an early day.

HYMENEAL NEWS.

Brilliant Wedding Last Evening.
Last evening Trinity church was as densely filled as possible from the vestibule to the altar, by an assemblage of ladies and gentlemen of this city who had gathered to witness the nuptial ceremonies of Mr. Wm. A. Gregg book keeper of the firm of Tommey, Stewart & Beck, to Miss Lizzie L. Jones, daughter of our enterprising townsman, O. H. Jones, Esq. Many of those anxious to witness the ceremony could not obtain entrance, while the gallery and aisles were filled completely.
At half past eight the party arrived, and after the procession was arranged in the vestibule, the Wedding March pealed forth from the organ under the skillful manipulation of Prof. Guilford. The procession moved up the aisle in the following order: Ushers—Messrs. George Muse, John Owens, Bennett Chamberlain and Austin Green. Attendants—Miss Fannie Foote and Mr. Lewis Muse; Miss Minnie Moss and Mr J R Gregg; Miss Laura Wilson and Mr William Green; Miss Mary Culberson and Mr. Charles Harmon; Miss Mamie Tarver and Mr W A Haygood; Miss Mattie Osborn and Mr Willis Reagan. Then followed the bride and groom. The former was arrayed in a magnificent white silk and a rich flowing veil. The bridesmaids were alternately dressed in pink and blue tarletons, and when they met around the altar the effect was pleasing and beautiful.
The ceremony was performed in a most impressive manner by the venerable Rev. W. M. Crumley, who prefaced it with a few appropriate remarks upon the sanctity of the beautiful rite and made appropriate use of its performance in the house of God. The vows were made, and the procession moved slowly out, while the organ again pealed forth in its rich tones.
In the vestibule the happy pair received the congratulations of a large number of friends. An elegant entertainment was given at the residence of the bride's father, at which the bridal party and the immediate relatives were present.
There were a number of beautiful bridal presents, of which the following is an imperfect list:
Bible and hymn book, Mr and Mrs W M Crumley; silver butter dish, George Muse; pie knife, Mr and Mrs Chamberlin; silver waiter, Miss Minnie Moss; pickle fork, Mr Green; silver goblet, Mr James Lochrey; three silver ladles, Lewis Muse; dozen knives, Mrs W D Luckie; pickle dish, B Chamberlin; napkin rings, Wm Crumley; cake basket, J W Owens; butter dish, Mr and Mrs F M Coker; cake basket, Mrs Moss; silver service, Tommey, Stewart & Beck; two cake baskets, Mr and Mrs W A Hemphill; case of silver spoons, Messrs Haygood, Green, Reagan and Harmon; toilet set, Mrs G A Howell; waiter service, Rufus Moss; celery stand, Miss Mary Culberson; hot house plants, L G Holland; carpet and rugs from "mother and brother," and a number of other presents.
To the newly wedded pair we extend our heartiest congratulations, and we hope their fondest dreams may be realized in the unbroken happiness of the future.

Open to Conviction.
PENTWATER, MICH., Jan. 12, 1877.
Constitution Publishing Co., Atlanta:
DEAR SIRS: I hand you my draft, $1 10 on Chicago, for six months subscription to your weekly. Now make it red hot, for I desire to see what sort of stuff you southerners are made of. By your own words I may judge you, may I not? Although a "radical," I am open to conviction, and, if by truthfulness, you can change me from the error of my ways, you will have gained an adherent to your cause. Yours,
J. J. GRAY.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—Mr. E. K. Allen, formerly of this city, who moved to Texas some years ago, after marrying Miss Floy Smith, a north Georgia belle, died the other day.
—M. F. Boudre Phinizy, of Augusta, the son of Mr. Ferdinand Phinizy, and the successor to his father's immense business, is reported in an almost dying condition. The many friends of Mr. Phinizy will hear of this with regret.
—It is said that during the recent distribution of wood to the poor by the city authorities, some negroes opened wood yards on the outskirts of the city. Where five or six negro women lived in one house, they would all apply for wood, and getting it, would offer it for sale. The mayor scrupulously regarded the rights of the city, but they would fool him sometimes.
—Mr. Ephram Brumby, who was formerly a grocer in Atlanta, but is now a druggist in Athens, is quite ill. His recovery is doubtful, but we trust he will get through.
—A great crowd of belles and beaux came up on the several trains yesterday evening to attend the inaugural ball to night. It will be a grand affair.

PERSONAL POINTS

—Col. Britt, the Florida correspondent of the Savannah News, is in the city.
—Major W. L. Salisbury, proprietor of the Columbus Enquirer, is at the Kimball House.
—C. H. Williams, Esq., is the legislative correspondent of the Columbus Times.
—Savannah, Augusta, Macon and Columbus will have a full representation of belles and beaux at the inaugural ball to-night.
—It is rumored that W. A. Shorter, president of the Georgia department of the Grangers' Life and Health insurance company, will move the main office in this state from Rome to Atlanta.
—It is said that Jordan, of Hancock, will be one of the main advocates of a dog law, and will have a strong following from all sections of the state.
—Mr. T. J. Hooks is absent from the city for a short time in North Georgia and North Carolina on legal business.
—Rev. H. C. Hornady reached the city yesterday. He has not been here in eighteen months before and the town has grown some.
—The Augusta Constitutionalist says that J. G. Lowry, has the most royal looking mustache of any man on the bachelor list.
—Gov. Colquitt yesterday commissioned J L Harris a notary public in the 1140th district of Early county, and the following justices of the peace in Richmond county: J E Cashin, 121st district, Abraham Seago, 124th; W M Smyth 122d district, W Milo Otis, 190th district.
—Miss Annie Mays, of Columbus, was one of the centers of attraction at the Markham house hop.
—Miss Lizzie Walker, of Fulton county is in the city yesterday.

Markham House Arrivals.
ATLANTA, GA., Jan. 16, 1877.
W H Harrison, Newark; P Barrow, A S Erwin, Athens; J W Preston, Monticello; C S Bartlett, Macon; Wm Arderv, J H Shropshire, Kentucky; R S Stevens, Barnesville; A N Geovenstein, Savannah; P W Brown, F F Mathews, Ga; S P Keys, G Crowdall, St Louis; C Hill, Ga; W B Seale, Baltimore; N A Pratt, Philadelphia; F Grobel, Louisville; H P McDaniel, Ga; E H Beasley, Ky; R T Hitch, Sleeping Car Company; F Cohen, Rome; J P Henderson, Covington; J W Abraham, LaGrange; Mrs J B Albert, Baltimore; Miss S Stanley, Athens; Henry H. Reed, Palmetto; W L Salisbury, Georgia; W H Tuzzes, Rome; B F. Sims, Grantville; H A Camp, Grantville; Wm H Toombs, Washington; H H Starr and family, Macon; S Steadman, Covington; W F Spalding, Washington county, Kentucky; E F Pigg, Kentucky; C H Speer, Henry county; George Hillyer, city; J C Darwall, Kentucky; E H Wurman, Louisville; L N Trammell, Dalton; Thos W Milner, Cartersville; C F Potter, Franklin county; P M B Young, Cartersville; T S Warren, Virginia.

ANOTHER POOL SAID.

Senatorial Candidates Priced—Enthusiasm Abating and Mike Mard to Get.

Pool selling for the senatorial election was started again last night in the rotunda of the Kimball house. The crowd was some larger than on the night previous, but the bidding was confined to a few friends of the various candidates, and was in no way lively or hopeful.
FIRST POOL—1st choice, $5, field; 2d choice, $2, Smith; 3d choice, $2, Norwood; 4th choice, $3, Hill.
SECOND POOL—1st choice, $12, Norwood; 2d choice, $5, field; 3d choice, $4, Smith; 4th choice, $3, Hill.
THIRD POOL—1st choice, $5, Norwood; 2d choice, $3, field; 3d choice, $3 Smith; 4th choice, $1, Hill.
FOURTH POOL—1st choice, $10, Smith; 2d choice, $5, Norwood; 3d choice, $2, field; 4th choice, $4, Hill.
FIFTH POOL—1st choice, $5, field. No other bids, and the pool selling closed.
TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR POOL—1st choice, $10, Smith; 2d choice, $8, Norwood; 3d choice, $6, field; 4th choice, $4 Hill
FIFTY DOLLAR POOL—1st choice, $15, Norwood; 2d choice, $10, field; 3d choice, $3 Hill; 4th choice, $2, Smith. Having failed to reach fifty dollars, the pool was declared "off"
FIFTY DOLLAR POOL—On result of the first ballot of the house alone—1st choice, $10, Norwood; 2d choice, $9, Hill; 3d choice $2, Smith.
TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR POOL—On result of the first ballot of the senate—1st choice, $10, Norwood. No more bids were offered, and this pool failed on the first bid.
FIRST HIGHEST VOTE POOL—On highest consolidated first ballot in senate and house, 1s choice, $10, Norwood; 2d choice $5, Hill; 3d choice $4, Smith.
SECOND HIGHEST VOTE POOL—Same conditions as above. 1st choice $5, Norwood; 2d choice $2, Smith; 3d choice $3, Hill.
The "fifth" regular "pool" was the last sold (all the irregular pools having been sold at intervals between the sale of regular pools), and indicate the condition of the senatorial pool pulse at the close of the sales. An effort to sell a second fifty dollar pool on the first ballot in the house, immediately after the sale of the first pool, resulted in a failure. Pools will be sold again at the same place to-morrow night.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Recorder Pendleton yesterday netted $121 for the city in his court.
—The bills introduced into the house by Hon. John H. James are in the right direction for the inauguration of practical retrenchment. He proposes to reduce our interest on bonds to six per cent, and sell the bonds at par. The higher we sell our bonds for the less interest we will have to pay. He is following the recommendation of Gov. Smith, and Gov. Colquitt in his inaugural. If his measures pass we will see James' sixes take the place of Nutting's eights.
—The latest sensation is the formation of a "Scrap Book Party" to meet and read selections from the scrap books of members.
—The state board of health will convene at the office of the board in the capitol to-day at 11 o'clock. At 3 o'clock p. m., the report on the recent epidemic of yellow fever in Savannah will be read. Physicians and others interested are invited to be present.
—The department of agriculture and the geological bureau are the objects of much interest to members of the legislature and strangers in the city.
—The attendance of ladies in the galleries of the house daily increases. So long as this stands thus the legislation of the state will be all right.
—Atlanta leads all the cities of Georgia this matrimonial season.
—Six candidates for the solicitorship of one circuit took a friendly drink together yesterday, and the magnanimous toast of each was "Here's success, gentlemen!"
—A dozen northern ladies and gentlemen passed through the city yesterday en route for Florida.
—Remember the library fair when you are giving a reckless fling to your spare change.
—Justice Butt committed Abe Wootten, col, to jail for stealing a turkey from Con Snehene,
—The Beethoven society give a grand concert soon.
—Col. McDaniel was busy yesterday evening weighing lasses. There was a superabundance of sweetness as the weighs of four of them were respectively 107, 109, 119 and 131. The last was a splendid walker.
—The Rossini club will in a short while give a grand entertainment, consisting of the opera of Lorley and the garden scene from the opera of Faust. Mrs Annie Simon Werner will be the prima donna.
—It is rumored that several couples in Greensboro will soon "mix quilts."
—The next wedding in Atlanta there will be only nine female attendants.
—Miss Dora Flournoy, of Columbus, is at the Kimball house, with Mrs Lee Jordan, the accomplished wife of Col Lee Jordan, one of the most extensive planters in southwestern Georgia. Miss Flournoy is one of the most attractive belles of the "Lowell of the south," and will, no doubt, play sad havoc with the hearts of the young gentlemen of the "Gate City" by her sweet smiles and sparkling eyes at the grand inauguration ball at the Kimball house to-night.
—Fulton superior court is adjourned to Saturday morning next at 9 o'clock, at which time the motion docket will be called and passed. C. PEEPLES,
J. S. C., A. C.
January 16 h, 1877.

Married.
Quite a large crowd gathered at the Church of the Immaculate Conception yesterday morning at 7½ o'clock to witness the marriage of Mr. P. J. Schkan and Miss Mattie Young. The ceremony was concluded by the Nuptial Mass offered by Rev. M. C. Reilley, and was altogether exceedingly beautiful. After receiving the congratulations of their friends, the happy couple left on the Georgia train upon a bridal tour. We wish them long life and prosperity.

Plenty of Good Lump Alabama Coal
On hand at SCIPIO & SONS.
jan17